

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 14

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, January 2, 1930

No. 37

Specials

Tomato soup, 8 cans for \$1
Real good coffee, 2 lbs for \$1
Pork and Beans, 7 cans for \$1
6 Jelly with cups and saucers, reg. \$1.25, for \$1
Reg. 5c Scribbles, 30 for \$1

Potatoes, Apples, Flour
& Tomatoes are GOOD
buying; prices are sure
to advance

Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

G. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

BEAUTIFUL
NEW
FORD
BODIES
NOW ON DISPLAY



COOLEY BROS., Chinook, Alta.

Read the Advertisements

CANADIAN NATIONAL

Low Fares

THIS WINTER TO

EASTERN
CANADA

PACIFIC
COAST

December 1 to January 5, 1930
Return 3 Months, Date of Sale

Certain Dates Dec. Jan. Feb.
Return up to April 15, 1930

Choice of Routes - - Stopover Privileges

CENTRAL STATES

December 1 to January 5, 1930
Return 3 Months, Date of Sale

Canadian National through trains pass through a territory replete with scenic grandeur, of historical and educational value to the traveller. On its trains will be found companions jolly and likeable—an infectious air of friendliness and good-fellowship. There is nothing superior to the Canadian National sleeping and dining car service. Radio-receiving service is an added feature on the through trains.

Any Agent of the Canadian National will be glad to quote lowest fares and arrange all the details of the trip—or write

J. MADILL, (District Passenger Agent) EDMONTON

You'll Like

Cananian National

Service

Heard About Town

Mrs. Isbister entertained a number of young people on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bayley and family were entertained at the Murray home on Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hughes visited for a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Vanstone, of Cereal.

H. J. Rosenau, of Dobson, visited with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Carl Rosenau, during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Youell, of Harris, Sask., mother and father of Mr. Yuel; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McGill and little son, Youell, of Stranraer, Sask., spent the Xmas vacation at the Youell home. Mrs. McGill is a sister of A. V. Youell.

Mrs. Wright Lawrence brought into the Advance office a pansy plant in full bloom, which she had picked on Christmas day and had picked another pansy a few days previous. The pansy bed was close to the house, being sheltered. This is something quite unusual and makes one think Alberta is not such a cold place after all.

Miss Winkis, of Saskatoon, visited Miss Norma Hurley for a few days this week.

Wm. Vanderberg and daughter, Louise, were Youngstown visitors over the week end.

Bert Currie suffered a severe attack of flu last week, being confined to his room over Christmas.

Earl Meyers, of Saskatoon, arrived on Sunday to spend the holidays with his mother, Mrs. K. N. Meyers.

Miss Mae Peterson left Sunday morning for Drumheller, where she will spend a holiday into the new year with an aunt.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Steckle, of Parkland, who formerly taught school here, were New Year's guests at the Hurley home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Isbister entertained the members of the United church choir with their wives and husbands on Thursday evening of last week.

Art Robinson who has been visiting his sister, Miss Fay, at Calgary (who underwent an operation for appendicitis) returned Thursday morning. Fay is improving nicely.

Minutes of Meeting of the Council of the Municipal District of Collingwood, No. 243

A meeting of the council of the Municipal District of Collingwood, No. 243, was held in Collingwood school on Saturday, December 21, at 1 p.m.

All members were present with the exception of R. Gardanier.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read.

Turnbull - That minutes of the previous meeting be adopted as read. Carried.

The following communications were read:

Director Debt Adjustment Act re sale of n.e. 25 28 8.

Assistant Deputy Minister re Inspector Kidney's report.

General Hospital, Calgary, re Mrs. H. M. Proudfoot.

Notice of foreclosure re n.w. 23 27 7.

Director Debt Adjustment Act re E. V. Riddle, S. G.

L. Shabino, S. G.

R. D. Vanhook, S. G.

Mrs. I. Ailsworth,

G. Ray Robinson,

J. M. Davis.

Deputy Municipal Affairs re roadway to private property.

Dunster - That balance of seed grain lien against west half of 10 26 8 be cancelled and that a recommendation to this effect be forwarded to the director Debt Adjustment Act. Carried.

Turnbull - That seed grain and relief indebtedness against Mrs. I. Ailsworth, west half 32 27 7, be cancelled. Carried.

Ferguson - That the amount of \$55 be remitted to director Debt Adjustment Act on account of seed grain liens against west half of 4-27 8. Carried.

Turnbull - That all funeral expenses incurred on account of N. D. McKimmon be charged against his land. Carried.

Dunster - That the s.w. 5-28 8 be sold to O. D. Harrington, subject to approval of the government and satisfactory compromise being made with the director Debt Adjustment Act re seed grain liens. Carried.

Stewart - That the n.e. 25 28 8 be sold to R. Witt for the sum of \$500, and that the sum of \$258.08 be remitted to director Debt Adjustment Act in settlement of government liens against same. Carried.

Dunster - That the new assessment on the following lands be reduced as follows:

N. V. 14 26 8, from \$1070 to \$830.

N. E. 6-26 7, from \$1260 to \$1060.

S. W. 14 28 8, from \$1550 to \$1450.

S. W. 9 26 7, from \$1100 to \$1000.

S. W. 5 26 7, from \$1420 to \$1220.

S. W. 21-26 7, from \$1150 to \$1000.

S. W. 3-28 8, from \$1200 to \$1000.

N. E. 3-27 8, from \$1280 to \$1080.

N. W. 31-27 8, reduce by \$150.

N. W. 35-27 9, reduce by \$150.

N. W. 4 26 9, from \$1220 to \$1020.

A. R. Payment, n.e. 16 27 9, from \$1120 to \$1000.

N. E. 26 27 8, from \$1620 to \$1490.

W. 33-28 8, reduce \$160 per quarter.

N. 3 26-7 and s.e. 10 26 7, reduce \$100 per quarter.

S. W. 18-27 7, reduce by \$300.

Carried.

Dunster - That the following appeals against assessments be refused:

N. W. 15-26 8. W. 26-27 8. N. E. 33-26 8. N. 23-27 7.

S. W. 23. S. 26-28 8. S. W. 24-26 8. E. 21-27 7.

N. W. 22. W. 19-28 9. W. 13-26 8. S. 16-28 7.

Owing to the great demand for our

Special Tea at 49c a lb

we have been sold out for a few days, but a shipment arrives this week. Highest quality tea. Try it

HURLEY'S

Have you seen
the new

Alladdin Lamp

We have it

Banner Hardware

Chinook, Alta.

SPECIAL

Burns Dominion Bacon by
the piece, 35c per lb

Fresh Herrings per doz 50c

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

W. 34-27 8	N. 18-27 9	N. W. 35-28 7	S. 2-27 7
All 36-27 7	W. 35-27 9	S. W. 2-28 7	E. 26-28 7
All 8-26 7	S. E. 34-26 9	S. E. 7-27 7	N. W. 25-28 7
N. W. 26-26 7	N. E. 15-26 8	N. W. 22-28 7	N. W. 32-27 7
All 8-27 7	S. 9-28 9	N. E. 23-28 7	E. 22-27 7
N. W. 26	S. 10-28 9	N. W. 10-28 7	N. 12-28 7
S. 26	N. 13-26 7	S. 13-28 7	W. 20-28 7
All 8-28 7	E. 14-26 7	S. W. 30-26 9	
N. W. 26	N. W. 3-28 8	S. 22-27 9	
S. 16	All 15-28 7	E. 31-28 7	

We are now starting a new year and none of us knows what it holds in store for us. I am going to try and give you better service than I have ever done before and will appreciate your business

Phone 14 **S. H. SMITH** Chinook

The Acadia Hotel

Caters to the Farmers'
Patronage

J. G. CONNELL, Manager CHINOOK



Acid Stomach

Excess acid is the common cause of indigestion. It results in pain and sourness about two hours after eating. The quick corrective is an alkali which neutralizes acid. The best corrective is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention. One spoonful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia neutralizes instantly many times its volume in acid. It is harmless and tasteless and its action is quick. You will never rely on crude methods, never continue to suffer, when you learn how quickly, how pleasantly this premier method acts. Please let it show you—now.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Reduce Armies As Well As Navies

The outstanding event of this opening month of the new year is the assembling of the naval reduction conference in London, England, upon invitation of the British Government to the other Great Powers, to devise ways and means of securing a substantial lessening of the burden borne by all in maintaining huge navies, while at the same time, they are mutually pledged the one to the other and to not resort to war. The conference opens with every prospect of success attending its deliberations, and particularly so in view of the fine understanding already reached between Great Britain and the United States. The hopes and desires of all mankind are wrapped up in its success.

If an accord can be reached in regard to questions of naval strength the next step should, and undoubtedly will be, an endeavor to arrive at an agreement for the reduction of armies and other forms of land armament. Ifilitary preparedness, so called, as distinct from naval establishments, imposes an even heavier burden on most nations. Nevertheless, the question of the size of armies seems to present the more difficult problem.

For example, here in Canada we can understand why the United States, with the Atlantic and Pacific, and Gulf of Mexico bounding it on three sides, with its island possessions of the Philippines, Porto Rico, etc., and its ocean borne trade, should feel the necessity of a strong navy, but the majority of our people are at a loss to understand their need of a large standing army and an extensive National Guard or militia.

Following, as it did, the cordial reception tendered Premier Ramsay MacDonald by President Hoover, and the spontaneous acceptance of the invitation to the naval conference in London, Mr. Hoover's Armistice Day speech came as something of a shock in that he laid great stress, many people believe too much stress, on the old gospel of preparedness and particularly as it applied to the United States. Nor is this feeling allayed in President Hoover's first budget message to Congress, wherein he asks for increased appropriations for the army.

President Hoover's statement that sufficient forces must be maintained to prevent "the foot of the invader landing on our sacred soil," sounded like a sop to the militarists. There does not appear to be the vaguest possibility that any power or combination of powers contemplates any such fantastic step or that it is ever likely to happen. Canada and Mexico are the only two countries whose territory is contiguous to the United States, and this Dominion's permanent force of approximately 3,000 does not constitute a threat, nor has the U.S. anything to fear from Mexico. Why, then, such huge army expenditures?

President Hoover has taken a fine stand on naval reductions and also on the Kellogg anti-war pact, but if real progress is to be made towards world disarmament an even greater measure of enthusiasm must be displayed for reduction in land forces. In his address he referred to the fact that there are ten million men under arms in Europe, vastly more than in 1914. But, instead of attempting to formulate some plan for a reduction in these immense forces could be effected, Mr. Hoover seemed chiefly concerned in having the United States build up a bigger army to avoid invasion by these overseas millions.

Real friends of peace would have liked to hear President Hoover issue an urgent call to European countries to immediately start cutting down their armies, and, instead of advocating a still larger army for his country, he could safely have added weight to his plea by favoring a reduction, rather than an increase, in the United States land forces. The war-weary peoples in all countries would have welcomed such a lead from the United States.

Apparently the lesson that preparedness for war inevitably leads to war has not yet been sufficiently impressed upon the minds of the people. An enormous percentage of the four billions of dollars which Mr. Hoover asks Congress to provide in its next budget, is to cover the costs of former wars and to "prepare" for future wars. In 1928 the United States spent sixty cents out of every dollar on account of war finances. Another twenty cents went to the army and navy, making a total of eighty cents out of every dollar collected in federal taxes for military—and, in an economic sense, unproductive—purposes.

In that same year in Canada, a pacific nation, spending far less than other countries on war preparation and debts incurred by war, heavy as the latter are, 45½ cents out of every dollar expended by the Government was attributable to war.

In the light of these figures it is clearly evident that, if this damnable doctrine of "preparedness" is to be allowed to continue as the basis of international relations, all the efforts of the League of Nations, all Peace Pacts, all efforts of peace organizations will fail. The people must bestir themselves in order to avert the possibility of future wars.

An Extensive Collection

Man Surprised At Number Of Edgar Wallace's Books

A man recently went into an English library and asked for the complete works of Edgar Wallace. "The result," he said, "was extraordinary. A whole squadron of men marched in to the reading-room with long steel rods over their shoulders. Clamped to these rods were rows of Edgar Wallace's books, in wood. They reminded me of the long poles which vegetable-sellers carry, with onions slung on to them." He said that there must have been in all something like 200 books,

including some very early Edgar Wallace poems, in the most efficient manner, now completely forgotten.

Good Season For Furs

First Returns From Trappers In Northern Manitoba Are Favorable

A good fur season in northern Manitoba is indicated by first returns from the trappers. Dr. H. H. Elliott, commissioner for northern Manitoba, announces. During the past few years, the fur catch has been steadily decreasing, but this year a new cycle of successful trapping seems to have started.

The commissioner stated that the new regulations governing fur trade in the province seems to be proving satisfactory. The number of trappers now working in the north has shown a substantial increase over the 1928 figure, Dr. Elliott asserted.

"John, you have been drinking my brandy."
"I have not sir."
"Are you quite sure?"
"Quite sure. I could not get the cork out."

Looking To The Future

New York Sky-scrapers To Have Mast For Dirigibles

Alfred E. Smith, skyscraper builder, has announced that the 1,100 foot tower of the Empire State building will be surmounted by a 200 foot mooring mast for Zeppelin airships through which passengers can descend in seven minutes to the street, instead of landing at Lakehurst, 70 miles away.

Mr. Smith will go to Washington to ask Secretary of the Navy Adams for the help of navy engineers experienced in mooring mast construction. Already, Shreve, Lamb and Harmon, architects of the 85-story building, have consulted the engineers of the Goodyear Zeppelin Company, which contemplates transportation lines with the two great airships it is building.

The directors of Empire State, Inc., of which former Governor Smith is president, have come to the conclusion, he said, that in a comparatively short time there would be a trans-Atlantic, trans-Pacific and transcontinental airship lines, and possibly a line to South America.

THOUSANDS OF MOTHERS USE NO OTHER MEDICINE

Baby's Own Tablets Are the Ideal Remedy For Babies and Young Children

Canadian mothers are noted for the care they give their little ones—the health of the baby is most jealously guarded and the mother is always on the lookout for a remedy which is efficient and at the same time absolutely safe. Thousands of mothers have found such a remedy in Baby's Own Tablets and many of them use nothing else for the ailments of their little ones. Mrs. H. W. King, of Truro, N.S., who says:—"I can strongly recommend Baby's Own Tablets to mothers of young children as I know of nothing to equal them for little ones."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at the agents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Fish Fry Transported To Stock Western Waters

Over Five Million Fish Fry Deposited In Western Waters During Past Year

There should be a lot of new good sport fishing in Western Canada waters in a few years. A report issued by the Canadian National Railways shows that during the current year that company transported 5,329,000 fish fry or eggs for deposit in various waters in Western Canada. Pickled and the following varieties of trout were included in the shipments: Loch Leven, speckled, brown, salmon, rainbow and Kamloops. The pickled were all placed in prairie waters where trout in mountain and foothills waters.

Miller's Worm Powders will drive worms from the system without injury to the child. The powders are so easy to take that the most delicate stomach can assimilate them and welcome them as sweetly as candy. Because they promptly remove the worms that cause the pain, and thus the suffering of the child is relieved. With so sterling a remedy at hand no child should suffer an hour from worms.

Hotel Cecil Is Sold

Famous London Hostelry Purchased By Oil and Gasoline Corporation

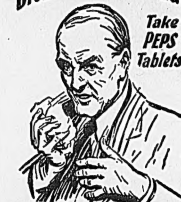
The Hotel Cecil, one of the most famous landmarks between the Strand and the Thames for the last 30 years, and patronized especially by overseas visitors, has been sold to serve as headquarters for a great oil and gasoline corporation. The purchase price was about \$7,500,000.

The Hotel Cecil's disappearance is another proof of the tendency of all enterprises catering largely for visitors, both in amusement and accommodation, to move further westward in the city. The hotel possesses 900 bedrooms, and eleven banqueting halls, being the creation of a notorious financier, Jabez Balfour, who was brought back from refuge in the Argentine to suffer long imprisonment. The hotel was only partly built at the time of Balfour's crash. During the war it was the headquarters of the Royal Air Force.

"Where have you been?"
"In the hospital getting censured."
"Censured?"
"Yes, I had several important parts cut out."

CORNS
Lift Right Off—No Pain
PUTNAM'S
Corn Extractor

For COUGHS, COLDS, Bronchitis & Influenza



Take PEPS Tablets

25c. box contains 30 silver-jacketed Peps.

Interesting Riel Letters

Valuable Historical Documents Are Received By Dominion Archivist

Collectors of historical Canadian documents would probably give considerable for those that have recently come into possession of Dr. A. G. Doughty, Dominion Archivist, consisting of letters to and from "President" Louis Riel, of the North West Territories, written in March, 1870, at the time of the Riel Rebellion.

These documents include interesting copies of acts passed by the first session of the first legislature of Rupert's Land, of which Louis Riel was president, one of them being an act to establish a military force. This force was to consist of 50 men to be stationed at Fort Curry, and their monthly wages were set at \$15 and board.

There were many interesting documents in the collection Dr. Doughty obtained from York, England, from relatives of a British soldier who apparently seized the letters at the time he was elsewhere during the rebellion.

"I was very fortunate in obtaining this collection of old letters and copies of acts, and it is a striking example of how old and historic documents wander abroad, and come to light in unexpected places," he said. Riel's proclamation prior to the rebellion, under the caption of "The List of Rights," set forth the reasons for the upheaval which came to be known in later years as the North West Rebellion. A copy of this important document, also the first act passed by the North West Territories legislature, with the letters in question, old and faded, but still decipherable and written in French and English, now repose in the Dominion Archives, pasted into a book. They are considered exceedingly valuable by Dr. Doughty.

Advocates Canadian

Type Of Architecture

Creation Of Travelling Scholarships Considered Best Method

Institution of Dominion travelling scholarships as a means of encouraging a spirit of emulation among architectural students with a view to the ultimate creation of a type of architecture distinct to the Dominion, is advocated by P. E. Nobbs, president of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada.

Lecturing in the National Museum, at Ottawa, under the auspices of the Art Association, Mr. Nobbs made his plea for the encouragement of emulation among architectural students of the schools of Montreal and Quebec under governmental auspices, and those at the universities of McGill, Toronto and Manitoba.

The creation of travelling scholarships would be the finest method to bring this about, he believed, and as the initial step he suggested a scholarship at the British school in Rome. In seeking to fulfil their ambition for a type of architecture distinctly Canadian, those of the profession were at present toying with modernity and interesting themselves less with the architectural traditions, so actively competitive in pre-war days, the lecturer declared.

Cramped His Style

Old Mose Parker was pretty sick, and the darkey doctor promptly put him to bed and laid down all sorts of rules and regulations as to sleep and diet. After he had gone, Mose turned to his wife and complained: "Mandy, how does dat dere fool doctor reckon Ah's gwine to eat breast ob chicken every day if Ah ain't got ma ebenin's free?"

The population of the earth is said to double itself every 250 years.

Nearly 4,000 tons of lilies were used in China, this year, to make soup.

That Sore Throat Needs Minard's.

Complete Broadcasting Circuit

Canadian National Forges Last Link In Coast To Coast Radio Chain

By the completion of a broadcasting circuit from Edmonton to Vancouver, the Canadian National Railways have forged the last link in a coast-to-coast chain of radio stations. Announcement of the installation of the new circuit was made recently by the telegraph department of the system. The first broadcast to go over the new section took place on Thursday, December 19, when the Hart House String Quartet played before the microphone at Toronto. Up to the present, the Rockies have been a barrier against consistently good reception of eastern radio broadcasts, but now Pacific coast listeners will be able to hear the best concerts of the other centres of Canada. Contact between all parts of the Dominion may now be maintained by the medium of instantaneous transmission of speech. The vast radio network is an engineering feat which keeps pace with the progress of both Canadian and the National system. The radio department will broadcast three hours weekly over the Atlantic-Pacific network and plans are underway for several complementary programmes to reach the coast.

Pocket Screen Stops Noise

Russian Invention Boon To People Who Like Quietness

A pocket screen to shut out noise is the invention of Leon Theramin, a Russian inventor. With this invention in his pocket, the peace loving man could ride all day through the busiest streets and yet enjoy the profound silence of a cathedral.

The "Russian Edison" has found that the principle of the ether-wave music instrument can be applied successfully in numerous other fields. He prophesies that adaptations of the electro-magnetic field will be of great significance in industry as well as in musical circles.

He also has provided for Theramin's orchestra. To make it possible for musicians to play his instrument in union he has prepared a scale of colored lights to ensure even tone. He maintains that ether wave music is easier to master than any other musical medium.

Homes Of Steel

Steel houses, complete in every detail and including a bathroom, electric lights and central heating, are being planned for Paris. The houses can be constructed in eight minutes and can be erected on their sites in a few hours.

Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

Some people are hard to please. They are always looking for trouble and are not satisfied when they find it.

A golf club has been invented which whistles when a drive is made correctly.

Minard's for the Ideal Rukdown.

New-born Negro infants are usually reddish chocolate or copper in color.

ZAM-BUK

Beats Any Embrocation In Winter Aches & Pains

Try a Box To-Day!

Whilst Zam-Buk has long been recognized as Canada's most popular remedy in skin troubles, how many know how better it is than any poisonous liniment for relieving the sharp twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago?

Zam-Buk is equally good for aching backs, stiff joints, sore muscles, cold in the head and chest, or sore throat. Rubbed well into the affected parts, Zam-Buk's powerful pain-soothing essence soaks right into the tissues, banishing soreness, congestion and inflammation. Others prefer to treat their colds so; they rub Zam-Buk between the palms of both hands and then inhale the evaporating medicinal balsams. This is the same good in another way.

Also for COLD SORES, CHAPS, CHILBLAINS, etc.

Diet Business Is Serious

So Many Theories As To What a Person Should Eat

Something has got to be done about this dieting business. Time was when a fellow could sit down to a meal and think he knew what it was going to do to him. Now there are so many theories as to what it will do to him that he can hardly muster courage to do anything but drink. No matter what item on the menu he selects, he knows that somewhere there is a diet expert who believes it will induce sleepless night, absobscence, wear and tear, general depletion. His head swims as he thinks of the theories which have been earnestly laid before him by various friends, each theory positively based on the authoritative word of Doctor So-and-So, a very big man, of Doctor Such-and-Such, positively one of the biggest men in the country—Harper's Magazine.

Sale Of Farm Seeds

Disposal Of Pedigreed Seeds In Saskatoon Is Increasing Rapidly

A business that is expanding rapidly in Saskatoon is the sale of farm seeds. J. H. Speers estimates that the sales of pedigreed seed in the city has increased at least fourfold in the last five years. And there is still room for further expansion. "Five years ago," says Mr. Speers, "about 10 per cent. of the farmers knew what pedigreed seed was, and how it was procured. Now perhaps 60 per cent. have that information."

The Proven Asthma Remedy. Since asthma existed there has been a lack of much heralded remedies, but they have proved to be of little value and worthless. The ever-growing reputation of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has given it a place in the field of medicine which no other can approach. It has never been pushed by sensational methods, but has simply gone on effecting relief and making new converts.

Exports of ostrich feathers from South Africa in past years have amounted to \$15,000,000 annually.

Foods Stay Fresh

Longer This Way



Covered with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper goods that usually stale in a day or so stay fresh for quite a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer, druggist or stationer. For less exacting uses get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED HAMILTON - ONTARIO

Western Representatives: HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

ZIG-ZAG
Cigarette Papers
Large Double Book
120 Leaves
Finest You Can Buy
AVOID IMITATIONS

PATENTS
A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.
The RAMSAY Co. 273 BANK ST. 1ST FLOOR, OTTAWA, Ont.
W. N. U. 1818

Possibility Of Developing Copper Mines In Far North Sketched By Major Burwash

The possibilities of developing copper mines in the far north, sketching along the shores of Bathurst Inlet, according to Major L. T. Burwash, who returned to Ottawa after having spent eighteen months on a trip through the sub-Arctic which took him some 4,000 miles by boat, behind a dog team and by air.

The veteran of the north, who has mushed behind dogs since 1897, brought with him news of the latest developments in the country which he has grown to know like a book. He thought that the mineral deposits on the Coppermine River, up which he travelled for some fifty miles, would be as valuable than those along the shores of the Inlet for which the flying explorers of Col. C. D. H. McAlpine were making at the time they became lost.

Deposits along the Coppermine River, he explained, had been brought in by ice drift and had been left high and dry, dotted all over the shores. During his trek up the river he picked up large chunks of metallic copper which had been left on caribou meadows when the ice receded. The action has now stopped, he said, and the copper cannot be developed until someone finds the source from which the huge nuggets were torn by the ice.

On Bathurst Inlet, however, the copper is in place, he said, and probably exists in great quantities.

Major Burwash was a little non-committal on the question of whether or not the development of the copper mining industry in this part of the country might some day reach a stage here that would justify the engineering of a railway from Churchill, 900 miles west, to take care of it.

He thought, however, that should development ever reach large proportions, it would be cheaper to smelt ore on the ground, as coal is to be found all along the Arctic coast of Canada and occurs in heavy deposits at such points as Smoking Mountains and a part of Banks Island, where the coal is burning since the dawn of history in this region.

Water power is plentiful near the Arctic coastline, at least in a potential state. Most of the rivers flowing into the Arctic, the Major explained, travel slowly across the interior and then, during the last fifteen or twenty miles of their courses, drop sometimes several hundred feet to a sea level in a series of rapids or cascades, some of which are splendid natural power sites.

Major Burwash, who is in charge of the Northwest Territories Branch of the Department of the Interior, started his trip on the well travelled route from Fort McMurray down the Mackenzie Valley to Aklavik on board the "Ptarmigan." From there he worked east, where he took a dog team and travelled along the coast as far as Boothia Peninsula and the magnetic pole. After making some observations over the pole with the compass and dipping needle he came to the conclusion that the centre of magnetism is deep down in the earth. He explained that the horizontal needle was put out of action owing to the attraction downward through the earth, while the dipping needle, giving the inclination of the magnetic lines for force in the vertical plane was standing almost straight up and down.

From Boothia the Major worked his way back via King Williams Land and was finally picked up at Burns de River by Captain Guy H. Blanchet, who had arrived on a search flight for the MacAlpine search operation and, during the long flight down, acted as navigator for the planes.

Practically all the important European capitals are served by one or more air lines.

Seventy of the 92 known elements of which universe is made are metals.



"How is it you ask me for a loan when I don't know you? It would be hopeless if you did." Nagels Lustig Welt, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1818

Biennial and Annual Sweet Clover Biennials Heavier Producers Than the Annual Variety

In the growing of sweet clover for hay the biennial varieties have produced higher yields than the annual variety Hubam in Northern Ontario. The biennial sweet clover both white blossom and yellow blossom varieties were sown side by side with the annual variety on clay loam soil which had been in potatoes the previous year. The rate of seeding was twenty pounds per acre both for the biennial and the annual varieties. The biennial varieties were harvested toward the end of July of the second year of their growth, and the annual variety early in September of the year it was sown. The biennial varieties grew much taller and yielded correspondingly higher.

White blossom sort reached a height of sixty-one inches and the yellow blossom forty-eight, as compared with forty inches reached by the annual variety. Both varieties of the biennial gave yields of cured hay above two tons to the acre, the white blossom yielding 1,707 pounds in excess of the two tons; the yellow blossom gave about two tons and one-half. The return from the annual variety was a little better than one and one-half tons to the acre.



(By Annabelle Worthington)

A practical woven gingham in yellow and brown tones with bloomers that are cut generously full just peeking beneath is smart choice for wee folk of 2, 4 and 8 years, sketched in Style No. 2743.

The chemist with center scalloped closing, scalloped turn-over collar and narrow cuff bands are made of plain yellow gingham. White pearl buttons lend additional smartness.

In the four-year size, it can be made in a variety of colors, 27-inch material with 3/4 yard of 27-inch contrasting. The saving is worth while.

All the fulness falls from shoulders with attractive flaring hemline. The bloomers have elastic insertions through casing at knees and waistline.

Brown cotton pique with beige pique is very fashionable choice for the little girl for school hours.

Nile green cotton broadcloth printed in novel tings in deeper shade of green with white pique contrast piped in the deep green shade in piping around edge of collar and front of chemise of self-colour in deeper tone of program ribbon.

Pattern price \$3.00. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Patterns No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Country

The Parisian's Hobby French People Revel In Any Kind Of Exhibition

If a Parisian has a hobby it is exhibitions. He revels in them. They come and go in a kaleidoscopic manner. There are the Spring and Autumn Salons for the painters and sculptors, the Automobile Salon in the fall, the Toy Salon in the Jeu de Paume, in the Tuilleries Gardens, in the month of September. And now at last there is a Winter Sports Exhibition.

Paris has never any snow and it is seldom cold enough for the lake in the Bois de Boulogne to freeze over. But all the same it is now the correct thing to go in for winter sports, so Parisians are for them without snow or ice but with an abundant supply of sporting clothes, skis, skis and sledges.

The Winter Palace in the rue des Sablons was opened recently in warm, sunny weather. The winter is here, acid. On one side of the rink there is a ski run. From the top platform, Alpine soldiers, Norwegians, Swedish and Savoyards glide swiftly down the run into the middle of the Exhibition Palace without once running into the spectators on the side lines.

The object of the Salon is to boom the French winter resorts and behind it is the Touring Club of France, not to mention the French railways. Incidentally the miniature shops encircling the rink display all sorts of sporting equipment and costumes. The French are not a "Tumultuous nation" but a very practical people.

Grading Milk On Quality

Producers Of High Grade Milk Will Gradually Eliminate the Careless Handler

Producers, dealers and consumers of milk for the most part realize the justice of the principle of valuing this product according to its quality. While payment on a grade basis is regarded as the quickest method to obtain improvement, and the easiest means of obtaining quality at a high level, yet even where no difference in prices exists the producer of the high grade milk benefits through the gradual elimination of the careless shipper who constantly fails to meet the standard set.

This question of grading milk for city trade is discussed at length in Bulletin No. 123 of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa by the Bacteriologists Messrs. Johns and Lockhead, who hold the view that the production of milk for city trade is becoming more and more a specialized line in which a knowledge of the details concerning the production of a high grade product is a necessity. No article of food, they claim, has such a direct relation to the Nation's health, and the public are quite within their rights in demanding that the old-time dairymen with his careless habits and limited knowledge of sanitation give way to the better trained, more careful producer.

The Quarter Horse

A lot of fellows have ambition to spare at the beginning of a job, but they appear to be quarter horses and are out of the race at the first turn. A young fellow who has dabbled in a dozen occupations and has floundered in each of them, is going to be on the lookout for another one soon, and it is even money that he falls in that. The youngster is fortunate who knows what he wants to do, prepares to do it, and has the nerve to stay with it until he can do it.

Winnipeg May Have New Industry

Inquiries have been made by prominent American business interests as to the possibilities of the establishment of a factory in Winnipeg for the manufacture of articles in which silica sand is largely used.

Latest in Locomotives



The new 2800 class locomotives now being placed in service by the Canadian Pacific Railway mark yet another forward step in the history of motive power.

These locomotives, ten of which are being built for fast passenger schedules, are of the Hudson type and in their speed, power, and efficiency represent the result of years of experience in designing and construction on the part of the Company's engineers. The new engines have a wheel arrangement not previously used in Canada, with four wheels in the leading truck, six 75 inch driving wheels

WAS PREMIER'S MENTOR



Miss Jean Graham, who taught Dr. J. T. M. Anderson, premier of Saskatchewan, in Humboldt Collegiate Institute, Toronto, in 1898. Miss Graham, who presided over the history department of the school, then the Toronto Junction high school, says that the then future premier was an excellent student of history.

France Keeping Her Horses

Country Has Made Good The Loss Sustained In War

The automobile is not replacing the horse in France, an official survey reveals.

The total number of horses in France this year is estimated to be nearly the same as in 1913, when the automobile was not a serious menace to horsemanship.

The government survey shows that in 1913 there were approximately 3,200,000 horses in France. During the war millions of them were killed in action while many were eaten for food.

The years following the war looked dark and it seemed for some time that the fields of France would no longer see any horses. It was thought only the rich could afford a horse as a riding mount while the few left over would be sought by the muses.

But the farmers of France have staged a great comeback. They refused to introduce tractors and instead started breeding new herds of horses. As a result France is now well furnished with horsemanship. It is also stated the quality is much better, and that more horses are butchered at an earlier age because the public demands more tender meat.

Horsemanship still remains a popular meat in France and special butcher shops proudly bear great metal horses heads over their doors.

That France intends to continue increasing the number of her horses is evident from last year's export and import figures. France-imported 17,000 horses, and exported only 7,372.

Fox Farming Centres

Between 1,500 and 2,000 Foxes Now in Saskatchewan Area

According to "The Hub," between 1,500 and 2,000 foxes constitute the present stock in the Saskatchewan region, which is recognized as the centre of the fox fur industry of the prairie provinces. At the big black fox show in Calgary, in 1928, the Saskatchewan foxes captured the primary honors in competition with the best from Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Saskatchewan is the head office of the Canadian National Fox Breeders' Association (Saskatchewan section).

The Carnegie Hero Fund, established 25 years ago, has awarded 19 gold medals, 529 silver medals, and 1,760 bronze medals since that time.

The average person consumes his weight in food once a month, which totals about 1,603 pounds a year.

Advocates Uniform Text Books To Be Used In Schools Throughout The Dominion

Experiments With Fertilizers Conference Held At Regina Reaches Decision To Continue Further Investigations

Experiments conducted during the past year into the use of fertilizer have been so successful, that the programme will be greatly extended during the coming season, with a view to determining at an early date possible, the soil types and areas on which fertilizer may be most profitably used.

This decision was reached at a conference held at Regina, attended by representatives of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Massey-Harris Company, the Cocksbutt Plow Company, the Dominion Government Experimental Farms Branch, the agricultural departments and universities of the province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, Dominion reclamation and irrigation branch, and the Manitoba Wheat Pool, through whose co-operation the experiments were held.

A similar conference was held a year ago at Trail, B.C., when experiments conducted during the summer of 1928 were discussed.

Experiments of the past summer show clearly that on the whole favorable results have been secured through the application of superphosphates and ammonium-phosphate. Although, due to the large number of experiments covering so wide an area, some did not show increased yields, it was pointed out that the experiments have been under way only for a period of two years and that this was insufficient time to warrant final conclusion.

Planning For The Poultry Congress

Canada To Be Well Represented At Congress, To Be Held In London, England, In July

United States poultrymen are taking a keen interest in the World's Poultry Congress, to be held in London, England, next July. Not only are they preparing extensive exhibits of live birds and poultry industry equipment, but a large number of poultry keepers and their friends are planning to visit the Congress.

Arrangements for the trip have advanced in the matter of securing passage from Montreal, which has been learned by the National Poultry Council, provides not only a low cost of ocean voyage, but an opportunity to enjoy the thousand miles through the beautiful St. Lawrence River and the city of Montreal on the open sea.

The Canadian Committees working on the Congress, are busy in every province and assurance is given that Canada will be well represented in practically all departments of the Congress and in places in the touring parties that have been arranged throughout the Motherland and the Continent.

Difficulty Encountered By Social Workers

Find It Hard To Protect Self-Respect Of Poor

An experienced social worker was once asked what she found to be the greatest difficulty in trying to carry help into homes of poverty. Without hesitating she replied: "Not to break down their self-respect." This is a delicate yet very practical consideration in such matters. Even the poorest and most unfortunate are entitled to their right of privacy. They may well be tempted at times to exclaim in the presence of what seems to them intrusion, no matter how well meant, that the heart knoweth its own bitterness and a stranger intermeddeth not. Time and again it has been shown that the wisest and kindest and most successful philanthropy is that which respects the sensitiveness of those whom it is sought to aid.

See For Themselves

An Irish drill sergeant was putting a squad of recruits through the different movements. Try as he would he couldn't get a straight line. Finally, in exasperation, he shouted: "What's the matter with you? Can't ye line up? All of ye fall out and take a look at the line ye've made!"

The output of automobiles in Canada for the ten months of 1929, ending in October, exceeded by almost three per cent, the total for the entire twelve months of 1928, according to the Natural Resources Department of the Canadian National Railways.

Glow-worms are more brilliant just before an approaching storm than at any other time.

Proposal that an interprovincial conference be held with a view to overcoming serious ignorance of their own country prevalent among Canadian school children, not to mention the adult population, was put forward by Dr. J. T. M. Anderson, premier of Saskatchewan, in his address before a luncheon meeting of the Canadian Club, at the Royal York Hotel.

Following his speech, Premier Anderson told an interviewer that he had in mind a meeting, possibly to be made yearly, of officials of provincial departments of education. As a beginning, they would concentrate on achieving uniformity of history and geography text books used in Canadian schools, and on impressing teachers under their supervision with the importance of knowing all about Canada and passing it on to their pupils.

It might even become reasonable to agitate for a single history and single geography text book to be used all over Canada," he said.

"But the main point is that teachers and pupils and the public generally at present are appallingly uninformed and misinformed regarding the country they live in."

The need of circulating adequate and accurate information about Canada throughout the Dominion was stressed at the very opening of his address by Dr. Anderson, who left Toronto, in 1908, to engage in educational work, later becoming provincial director of education. He has taken an intense interest for some years in the regulation of immigration and the education of new Canadians to fit them to be good citizens.

"It is a pleasure," he remarked, "to drift back to the scenes of my youth and get an opportunity to convey some information about Saskatchewan without being thought boastful. As a school teacher, and one engaged in educational work, I have always felt that a great trouble in the Dominion is that we are not acquainted with each other."

"There are thousands in this province who know little or nothing about the West and not much more about even their neighboring province, Quebec. Worse than this, the average teacher in the secondary schools knows very little about this country, its size, resources, activities and peoples. I deeply hope that the various provinces will get together soon to become masters of the knowledge of our own country."

Dr. Anderson asserted that few Canadian children learned that the Dominion was larger than the United States, and 18 times bigger than Germany; that it constituted 28 per cent. of the area of the Empire and was the largest overseas Dominion, and was as large as the whole continent of Europe.

Although Saskatchewan has at least one, if not several, racial problems, the premier said it was far from becoming Communist or Soviet. Recalling his early days as a school teacher in the district, he contrasted the present conditions, pointing out the fact that the great majority of the former foreigners were now staunchly English.

For Student Aviators

A radio station is being built at Heston aerodrome which is to be used by flying instructors. Stationed there, the instructors will watch student aviators go through their capers above the building. Instructions will be broadcast from the station to the student flyers above. The pupils' planes will be equipped with receiving sets.

Ottawa Winter Fair

The Ottawa Winter Fair, opened by Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, on December 2nd, contained the largest display of livestock ever seen in the capital, while for the horse show more than 500 of the finest hunting, saddle and carriage horses in Eastern Canada were present.



"What have you done to yourself?" "Nothing—I am advertising a new strapping plaster."—Mocca, Vienna.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Official France mourns Emile Loubet, former president who died recently at the age of 91.

Diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Russia formally resumed after a lapse of more than two and a half years.

The Canadian and United States delegation to the millennial celebration of the Icelandic parliament will sail from Montreal, June 15, aboard the S.S. Montcalm.

The Portuguese Government has authorized flour mills to import 100,000 tons of foreign wheat before June 1, 1930. The action was taken because of the small Portuguese crop.

A movement to erect a monument to the late Lloyd Bennett as a token of Germany's gratitude for his heroism in attempting to rescue the Bremen trans-Atlantic fliers has been started.

The E.C. provincial government is distributing to the municipalities \$550,414 as their share of liquor profits for the six months ending September 30, and \$206,978 from parimutuel taxes.

Canada has registered with the League of Nations her agreement with the United States regarding the admission of civil aircraft; her agreement with Sweden exempting shipping from income tax, and the agreement between Canada, Cuba, the United States and Newfoundland relative to fisheries.

Despite rebates of \$250,000 within six months to users of gasoline for industrial purposes, Alberta's gas tax has produced a net revenue of \$1,150,000 between April 1 and November 20, government officials state. At least \$50,000 more is expected to be taken in by March 31, 1930, the end of the fiscal year.

Canadian National
Places Large Order

Will Do Much To Relieve Unemployment Situation In Dominion

Orders have been placed by the Canadian National Railways for 120,000 gross tons of steel required for the construction programme of the National System during the coming year. It was stated officially at Canadian National headquarters here. Of this total, 80,000 gross tons have been ordered from the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, and 40,000 gross tons from the Algoma Steel Mills, at Sault Ste. Marie. In addition to steel orders, nearly 5,000 box cars have been ordered. Of the car orders placed by the Canadian Car and Foundry Company are to deliver 2,250 fifty ton box cars, and 25 tank cars, each of 10,000 gallon capacity. The National Steel Car Company have received orders for 1,175 fifty ton box cars, and the Astern Car Company have been ordered for 200 refrigerator and approximately 1,000 box cars. The placing of box car orders has resulted in the manufacturers placing orders with the British Columbia Mills for some 15,000,000 feet of box car material. The placing of these orders has had an important bearing on the employment situation throughout the centres concerned. Inquiries are also being made by the Canadian National among locomotive manufacturers for the delivery of 18 Santa Fe type locomotives and 15 mountain type engines.

To Prevent Seasickness

After 36 years at sea, during which time he served as surgeon on the "Aquitania," Dr. Sidney Jones has retired. He has published a preventative for seasickness based on a study of this illness during his life on the ocean. Take no alcohol a week before sailing, eat sparingly, and avoid all acidic foods, is his advice.

Buck—"Can you give me a definition of an orator?" Private—"Sure. He's the fellow who's always ready to lay down your life for his country."



"You have painted your eyes very black."
"Yes, I am in mourning."—Esquela, Barcelona.

W. N. U. 1818

Status Of Dominions

Conference Brings To Light Important Developments In Empire's Constitutional Position

Another important development in the Empire's constitutional position has resulted from the International Air Conference, just concluded at Paris. Britain and the Dominions, though they signed the 1919 international air convention separately, hitherto had one joint vote at the convention, despite sometimes conflicting interests. Now it has been unanimously agreed the Dominions have separate votes and the alteration is embodied in a protocol which the Dominions have signed in alphabetical order, along with other nations.

New Colored Film Process

Swiss Company Is Formed To Exploit New Invention

A Swiss company has been organized to exploit a colored film process invented by the French scientist, Berthoin. The price will not exceed that of ordinary film, it is said.

The invention, although not explained to the public, is understood to render colors possible by optical instead of chemical means, the color being registered by bands on each side of the film, as in the case of sound in "talkies."



(By Annabelle Worthington)
A Princess suggestion in novelty silk crepe that you'll thoroughly enjoy wearing for general daytime occasions.

It is in dark brown background printed in capucine tones, which gives it a sportive air and makes it so appropriate for shopping, office or class room.

The deep turn-back flaring cuffs are of deep shade ecru lace finished with fashionable fur trimming band of Galyak. Black velvet ribbon may be used in place of the fur and is equally smart.

The collarless sunburst neckline is finished with youthful self-fabric bow. It effects snug hips through fitted long-waisted bodice with point at front to lengthen its line.

The two-piece circular flaring skirt stitched to bodice, concentrates most fullness at front, so as to keep the silhouette slender with slim straight back.

Style No. 3140 is designed in sizes 16, 18 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

The making of this charming all-day dress practically means a two-piece skirt to be seamed and attached to two-piece bodice that has been closed at sides and shoulders.

Feather weight tweed, covert cloth, canton crepe, flat silk crepe, crepe satin and plain and printed velvet suitable.

Pattern price 25 cents.

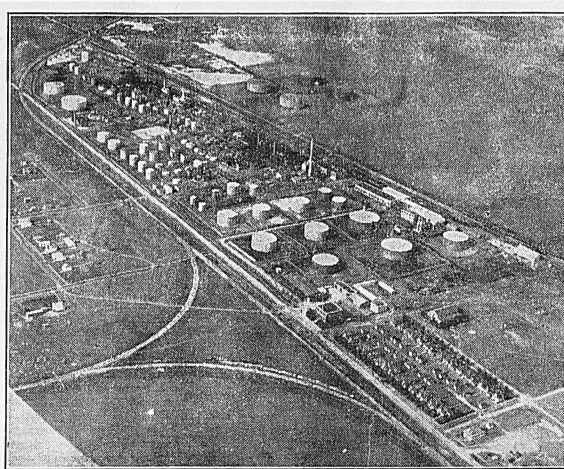
How To Order Patterns

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Pattern No. Size

Name

Town



IMPORTANT WESTERN CANADA INDUSTRIAL PLANT

One of the Western Canadian industrial plants, the refinery of Imperial Oil, Limited, at Regina, Saskatchewan, which supplies gasoline and oils for Western Canada consumption.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CINNAMON APPLES SUPREME

- 1 package vanilla junket.
- 1 pint milk.
- 6 apples.
- 1 cup sugar.
- ½ cup water.
- 3 tablespoons red cinnamon candies.

1. tablespoonful lemon juice.

Peel and core apples and place in baking pan. Make a syrup by boiling the sugar, water and cinnamon candies together for 5 minutes; add lemon juice. Pour syrup over apples and bake until tender, basting several times. Place apples in individual dishes, adding a little syrup. When cooled and the syrup has jellied, prepare vanilla junket according to directions on package and fill dishes. Let stand in a warm room until firm.

POTATO STUFFING FOR ROAST

- 2 cups hot mashed potatoes.
- 1 teaspoon grated onion.
- ½ cup chopped walnut meats.
- Pepprika.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- ¼ cup evaporated milk.
- 1 tablespoon butter.
- Yolks 2 eggs.
- 1 teaspoon of poultry seasoning.

Mix the ingredients in the order given and handle as any stuffing.

A Good Gardener

Saskatchewan School Teacher Wins Silver Cup For Improvement To School Grounds

Michael Evashchen is some gardener. For three years a silver cup has been awarded by the Canadian Horticultural Council, of Saskatchewan, for greatest improvement in school grounds during the year. Each time a school taught by Evashchen has won the cup which was donated for the purpose by Prairie Nurseries, Limited.

Announcement of this year's winner was made at Saskatoon by A. R. Brown, director of rural education for Saskatchewan. The cup goes to the Krasny school district No. 1121, 12 miles south of Shebo. Last year the cup was won by the Shebo school, north of Pimichy, and in 1927 by Janwo school, 16 miles northeast of Prince Albert. Evashchen is the teacher at all three schools, having spent a year in each place.

He is a native of Manitoba, attended school at Dauphin, and took third class normal work in Manitoba. He took his second class at Saskatoon, and spent a year at the Agricultural College.

Cactus That Shoots

Dr. E. C. Leonard, Smithsonian Institution scientist, tells of a thorn-shooting cactus, of Haiti. The slightest jar to the bush will cause the cactus pads to shoot forth in a parabola several sharp thorns. These travel with considerable force, and can penetrate leather at a distance of six feet.

His Worries

A business man returned from the city to find the maid looking scared. "I'm sorry, sir," she said, "but madam had an accident in the car this afternoon, and it's been completely smashed. 'Good lord,' said the agitated husband, 'and my clubs were in the dicky.'"

The battle of Waterloo lasted only about eight hours.

Times Have Changed

People Too Used To Modern Improvements To Make Good Pioneers

It is almost invariably advanced in arguments regarding aid to immigrants that the latter have greatly deteriorated since the pioneer days of Canada when men and women invaded the wilderness with practically no resources and there hewed out homes and estates for themselves. Regardless of how the comparison may be reduced to the credit of the first settlers, it is of no help in solving the problem of colonization in Canada today. When this country was making its first bid for population the whole situation was parallel. Everybody was on the same footing. There were no millionaires, there was little luxury of any kind, no railways, no theatres, not even decent roads. The job ahead of the settler was to plunge into the wilderness and take the chance that others were taking. There were no distractions of ease or pleasure. The game was to eke out an existence under very difficult conditions, but equality was unimpaired. Today all the human beings that we can draw upon as colonists have seen something of comfortable existence, of motor cars, of railway trains, of luxurious homes, of fine hotels and theatres. They have witnessed the spectacle of a large percentage of other human beings go through life without engaging in grinding toil. It cannot be wondered at that they shrink the onerous task of tackling existence at the bottom. The environment has made that look like a waste of time and effort. Everyone hopes, in some way, to beat out the primitive methods of gaining a livelihood.

The Quality Of Mercy

Good Work Of Red Cross Society In Saving Eyesight Of Afflicted Child

In that far north land where the aeroplane is taking its mail today and linking the regions beyond with the centres of civilization, there lived a little child with a pair of beautiful bright eyes. Tragedy stalked in to the little girl one unhappy day, for she had the great misfortune to hurt herself with a pair of scissors while playing. Her eye was injured in a moment and in much pain the child had to endure the smarting ache. Anxiously her mother did what she could in first aid treatment, and to all appearances the eyes healed up.

Two months later it was observed that the little girl was groping her way along, and in great dread the doctor was sent for. In that far north land medical aid is difficult to obtain. Hearing of the distress of the home a Red Cross Nurse hurried to see the child. The worst fears were realized, the child was evidently going blind. There was one hope, that with immediate care the other eye could be saved, but there was a long and tedious and most costly journey to be made to the distant city of Edmonton, where eye specialists could be consulted. Communications with Headquarters of Red Cross in the capital city resulted in transportation to the sufferer. The sight of one eye had gone, but with immediate care and treatment, the other eye could be saved. Twice blessed is the work of the Junior Red Cross in extending mercy to the suffering child.

Loganberries were produced by crossing raspberries and blackberries.

Mid-Atlantic
Airports Scheme

Artificial Islands Look Like Great Ironwork Piers

The idea of making a series of islands across the Atlantic as landing places for passenger-carrying aeroplanes that will one day ply the air between this continent and Europe has for long been the basis of romantic schemes. One such scheme is about to come true, and when it does, there will be eight floating islands between New York and Southampton, forming great stepping stones for the use of aircraft on regular scheduled flights. These artificial islands are part of the equipment of a concern soon to exploit trans-Atlantic air service. The islands are known as Armstrong seadromes, after their inventor. Construction on them will begin this year. They will be anchored 400 miles apart, and will be landing ports for machines which expect to carry travellers from the United States to England or France in 15 hours.

Seen out of the water, the seadromes look like great ironwork piers. But they will float instead of stand. Thirty-two "legs" will support the seadromes, which will be 1,100 feet long, 400 feet wide and 350 feet high. The floating airports will be 80 feet above water, out of reach of the largest waves. The inventor says the peculiar construction will prevent all rolling or pitching. A hotel will stand on one side of each island, and a hangar and mechanics' quarters on the other.

Killed By Chinese Bandits

Three Missionaries Are Slain In Most Revolting Manner

The Rev. James G. Keller, superior of Maryknoll Junior seminary, at Los Altos, Calif., told the Associated Press that he had received by mail details of the murder, in China, recently, of three Franciscan missionaries, Bishop Jans and Fathers Bruno and Rupert.

Father Keller said the missionaries were killed in a most revolting manner, Bishop Jans being literally hacked to pieces. The clergymen were captured by bandits. The death of these missionaries, Father Keller said, brings the total number of Catholic priests killed in China recently, to 22.

World's Largest Market

Smithfield Market, in London, England, said to be the largest meat market in the world, is shortly to celebrate its sixty-first anniversary. Some idea of its capacity can be had in the fact that 4,000 tons of beef, the equivalent of 60,000 sides, can be displayed at one time. More than 180 firms are contained in the building. In December, 1928, more than 20,580 tons of beef were handled there.

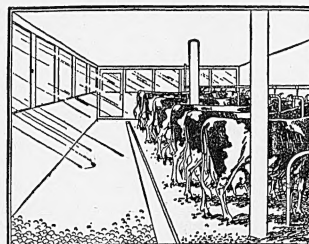
George Washington never lived in the White House. This edifice was not yet completed when he died.

The food of oysters consists chiefly of microscopic plants which are carried to them by the currents.

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RADIO QUESTION TO BE REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

Ottawa.—The question of nationalizing radio broadcasting in Canada will probably be referred to a parliamentary committee during the coming session. While no definite announcement has come from government sources the importance of the matter has led to the conclusion that the whole subject of radio will come under review by a special committee of the House of Commons.

The chief recommendation of the Royal Commission on radio broadcasting which concluded its labors last September, was that broadcasting should be placed on a basis of public service and that stations should be owned and operated by one national company.

The recommendations included the erection of high power stations to give good reception both day and night throughout the entire settled area of the country. The suggested nucleus of such a system is seven 50,000 watt stations. Radio engineers agree this would give Canada the most powerful chain of stations in the world.

Showered With Greetings

Prime Minister Receives Christmas

Ottawa.—How many Christmas cards did you get this year? Premier Mackenzie King did fairly well. He received several hundred. The exact number has not been revealed, but Christmas cards have been borne into historic Laurier House by the sackful.

Merely to read the kind messages from his friends and well-wishers in all parts of the world is keeping the prime minister exceedingly busy. It is a labor of love, however. Mr. King is fond of Christmas cards. Among the greetings which the prime minister has received is a very kind, personal message from Their Majesties the King and Queen.

Sea Musical Festival

Interesting Event To Be Held At Cards By The Sackful

Victoria.—The second annual sea musical festival will be held at the Empress Hotel, Victoria, January 15-18. Handicrafts will be shown, music lovers will be delighted with the Sea Music of All Nations, chanteys of the Old Sailing Ship Days, Sailor Hornpipes and Fisher-Folk Dances.

The second annual mid-winter Golf Tournament will be held at the Cedarwood Golf and Country Club, Victoria, from February 17 to 22. Free booklets describing these events may be had upon application to the manager of the Empress Hotel, Victoria, B.C.

Boy Killed By Coastguards

Was Crossing Niagara River and Failed To Answer Command To Stop

Buffalo, N.Y.—Shot by coastguards while cruising in a small boat at the foot of Genesee street, this city, Eugene Downey, 27, son of Police Lieutenant Eugene F. Downey, died in a hospital less than an hour later. Downey was speeding across the Niagara River in a motor craft, and, according to authorities, failed to stop in answer to a command from the coastguardsmen who opened fire with a machine gun. A bullet struck Downey in the abdomen. No liquor or narcotics were found in the boat.

Student and Pilot Crashed

Springfield, Mo.—The struggle of a student flyer and his instructor for the controls of an aeroplane, was blamed for the deaths of both. Samuel Bartel, thirty-five, who was an army pilot during the world war, and E. D. Allen, of Mountain Grove, Mo., were fatally injured when the dual-control biplane, they were flying, fell near Acaaboo, Mo.

To Aid Unemployed

Edmonton, Alberta.—Provincial and civic authorities will co-operate to provide work for unmarried jobless men in Edmonton with the province bearing the expense, it has been announced following a conference between Premier J. E. Brownlee and Mayor J. M. Douglas.

Accidental Shooting

Edmonton.—Accidentally shot in the face by a 22 rifle in the hands of his 13-year-old brother, James Pusher, 17, resident of the Camrose District, is now in hospital with a fair chance of recovery.

W. N. U. 1518

Date Announced For Freight Rate Hearing

Appeal Of Western Provinces To Be Considered, January 16
Ottawa.—The cabinet has announced that the freight rate appeal of the western provinces will be heard on January 16. The hearing was to have been held several weeks ago but was adjourned.

The appellant provinces are British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. Originally these provinces had agreed upon their case, which included the removal of the mountain differential and a revision of the west-bound terminal rates. Now, however, Saskatchewan has withdrawn from the other two provinces and has submitted a separate appeal. This appeal has not, as yet, been made public and it is presumed here that it will be released for publication at Regina.

Chinese Foreign Policy

Would Abolish Foreign Navigation Rights Along Coasts and Inland Waters

Nanking, China.—Foreign Minister C. T. Wang, outlining the foreign policy of the nationalist government for 1930, has declared that the work of his ministry during the coming year would be devoted to the abolition of foreign navigation rights along the coasts and inland waters of China.

In addition, Mr. Wang hoped to secure the withdrawal of foreign troops from China and the retrocession to China of foreign concessions and settlements.

He added that on Great Britain's initiative preparations were being made for revising the Sino-British treaties, forwarded to London.

Speech To Be Broadcast

All May Hear King George's Address At Naval Conference

London, England.—Plans are being made to broadcast the King's speech at the opening of the five-power naval conference between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on January 21, from the House of Lords. Immediately after his address the King will surrender the chairmanship of the conference to prime minister MacDonald.

The entire two hours of the broadcast which will be held between 6 a.m. and 8 a.m. Eastern Standard Time, will not be occupied by the King as this time was allotted in the hope of including the introductory speeches of delegates from other countries.

Suspects Are Arrested

Eighty Natives Apprehended In Connection With Bombay Outrage In India

Lahore, India.—Eighty natives were arrested in connection with the bombing of Lord Irwin's train at Delhi. Three of the men arrested were taken into custody at the camp of delegates to the National Congress. A force of 500 former soldiers and civilians has been recruited and ordered to patrol the entire European quarter to guard against the possibility of native outbreaks during the anticipated heated controversy at the Congress.

To Repair Cables

May Take Two Years For French Cable Company To Repair Breaks

Paris.—Two years may be required to repair fully the damage caused to the three French Cable Company lines broken by submarine earthquakes off Newfoundland, November 18.

The three cables were apparently broken in several places. Engineers on the cable repair ship estimated that 150 miles of new cable would have to be laid to replace the torn and twisted sections. The cost probably will be about \$400,000.

Little Demand For Raw Silk

Tokyo, Japan.—As a result of the increasing manufacture of rayon and various other silk substitutes, the consumption of raw silk in Canada and the United States, is considerably less than formerly, according to reports submitted to the Silk Association. Consumption of raw silk in the United States alone during the month of September showed a drop of 6,430 bales from the month previous.

May Be President Of Club

London, England.—The report persists that the Prince of Wales, will early in the New Year, become president of the Bachelors' Club, of which he is already a member. Should he accept, it would obviously confirm his reported intention of not entering the blessed state of matrimony in the immediate future.

Christmas Ship Disaster

Twenty-Four Lives Lost Off Coast Of Spain

London, England.—A ship disaster in which 24 lives were lost took place on Christmas Day off the coasts of the British Isles, France and Spain.

A Norwegian steamship, bearing codfish from Iceland, sank off Bayona, northwestern Spain, after terrific gales forced it aground. The ship was bound for Vigo, nearby.

At 1 a.m. fishermen on shore saw its first rocket of distress. Although a heavy fog prevailed, and the storm was so severe that fishing smacks in the inner harbor were damaged, the fishermen struggled to reach the battered vessel. After two hours they approached within 700 yards of the doomed steamer, but could not get closer.

The stricken vessel sank with all hands. Later four bodies were washed ashore, all wearing life-preservers stenciled "Aslaug." Letters and other documents cast up by the waves indicated the ship carried a crew of 24. No survivors were found.

Lloyd's which received an account of the shipwreck, believed the ship's name to be "Aslaug" instead of "Asland." The "Aslaug" was listed as of 990 tons.

The storm blew out of the southwest, banishing the blue skies and summery weather of Southern England. Rain fell in torrents and hail rattled on the streets of London, England, while wild weather ruled the south coast districts, where Christmas visitors to resort towns watched great seas pound on the beaches and harbor walls at Folkestone and other ports.

Search For Missing Aviators

Canadian Pilots Arrive In Alaska On Way To Siberia

Seward, Alaska.—Carrying three Fairchild planes and a complement of Canadian flyers who are to engage in the search for Pilot Carl Ben Eielson and Mechanic Earl Borland, missing since early November, in Siberia, the coast guard cutter "Chelan" has arrived here.

It fought its way through heavy weather all the way north. The Canadian flyers aboard were Captain H. A. Oakes, in charge, Captain T. M. "Pat" Reid, chief pilot; B. W. Broatch and Gifford Swartman, C. F. Mews and William Hughes, mechanics; Major H. C. Decker, in charge of the expedition for the aviation corporation, and A. L. Baker, A. Pratt and Whitney, mechanics.

ANGLO-AMERICAN NAVAL PROGRAM SATISFIES JAPAN

Paris.—A new school of thought—that France should lay claim at London, to a larger navy than those of the United States or Japan, and second only to Great Britain—has developed in certain circles here. It is unlikely that the French delegates to the five-power conference will make such a claim, but the popular sentiment must be considered when France contemplates any sacrifices around the conference board.

The claim is based on the contention that France is a greater colonial empire than the United States or Japan, which now outrank it as to naval ratios, and has a greater area and population of overseas possessions to protect.

Tokyo.—Daron Shidehara has informed the cabinet and council, it is understood, that the Japanese government has instructed its delegation to the London arms conference to support a program of Anglo-American solidarity, if the attitude of Italy and France make this necessary.

AWARDED FELLOWSHIP



D. D. "Don" Buchanan, son of Senator W. A. Buchanan, of Lethbridge, Alta., in his senior year of modern history honors at Victoria College, University of Toronto, who has been awarded the William E. Wilder fellowship for study abroad.

Fire In White House

Executive Offices Of President Hoover Damaged By Blast

Washington.—Swept by a sudden furious Christmas Eve fire, President Hoover's executive offices at the White House were ice-coated and desolate.

Summoned from the dinner table, Mr. Hoover was one of the first to reach the west wing of the White House after the alarm was sounded. Not heeding the smoke which had begun to eddy thickly, he went into his offices and began to carry out furnishings and documents. He was persuaded to leave the room with difficulty, and even then he stood outside and aided others who were carrying out valuables. The flames, however, began to show amid the smoke, and he retired to a nearby terrace to watch until the fire was brought under control shortly after 10 o'clock.

He made a tour of inspection and afterwards announced that the wing would be rebuilt. Everything in the west wing save documents and papers in steel filing bookcases and filing cabinets was damaged by smoke and water. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Arrest Italian Extremists

Is Alleged To Have Plotted Death Of Royalty

Brussels, Belgium.—With the arrest of a young Italian in connection with an alleged murderous plot against the Belgian royal family, police expressed the belief they had caught the leader of an extensive group of extremists whose activities have been under surveillance some time.

Camiello Berneri, alias Rosini, was arrested a few days ago after Belgian and French secret agents shadowed him several weeks. A man named Pascale Ruschoni, alleged to be one of his accomplices, was arrested simultaneously; but four other suspects, three Italian and one Dutch anarchist are still at large.

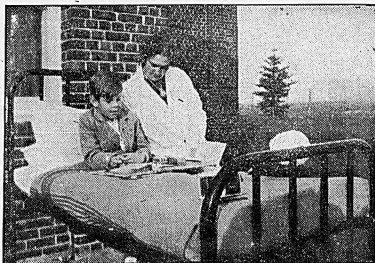
Berneri is alleged to have headed a plot to bomb the Belgian royal train and thus to prevent the forthcoming marriage of Princess Marie Jose, of Belgium and Crown Prince Humbert, of Italy.

The authorities said that an extensive roundup of anarchists and other extremists probably would result from the evidence discovered with the arrests.

Will Publish Memoirs

New York.—The memoirs of the late Georges Clemenceau, wartime premier of France, will be published simultaneously in the United States, England and France, late in February or early in March.

A UNIQUE SCHOOL ROOM



Above is a picture of the teacher and one of the pupils at the Junior Red Cross Crippled Children's Hospital at Edmonton. All the children are bed cases, but continue their studies during the (sometimes very lengthy) time they are in hospital. In fine weather the beds are moved outside and work goes on in the fresh air and sunshine.

Will Help Canadian Business

Two-Cent Letter Rate Extended To South America

Ottawa.—Christmas Day marked the inauguration of a two-cent letter rate from Canada to all parts of South America. Announcement to this effect was made by Hon. Peter J. Veniot, postmaster-general.

This letter rate already applies to all parts of North and Central America; and will now apply to the following countries: Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, the Guianas, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela.

In making the announcement, Mr. Veniot expressed the opinion that the two-cent letter rate would result in considerable advantage to Canadian business. On this point the postmaster-general commented on the great natural resources of South America, its present day development in transportation and its great trade expansion.

The South American countries, Mr. Veniot intimated, have been invited to reduce their letter rate to Canada, and thus make the arrangement reciprocal.

In addition, the postmaster-general declared, an agreement has been reached with the Argentine postal administration for the extension of the parcel post weight limit between Canada and Argentina from 15 pounds to 20 pounds. Such an arrangement, Mr. Veniot believed would facilitate trade with Argentina, as Canadian commercial houses would be able to ship in large quantities at lower rates than has hitherto been possible.

Trying To Locate Gold

Christmas Turkey Starts Gold Rush At Sault Ste. Marie

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.—A gold rush has started on St. Joe's Island and a dressed turkey spread the tip. It all started when a prominent merchant donated a number of turkeys for Christmas to deserving families.

Mrs. J. B. Hammond, who dressed a turkey presented by the merchant, found in its crop a gold nugget valued at \$250. The turkey was one of a shipment from St. Joe's Island, and local prospectors are busy trying to find out just which farm this particular bird came from.

Brought Patients From North

"Punch" Dickens Again Aids Men Needing Medical Attention

Edmonton, Alberta.—C. E. "Punch" Dickens, Western Canada Airways pilot, has brought his plane to Edmonton from McMurray on another "errand of mercy." His passengers, northland residents in need of medical aid, were Dick Davidson, mining engineer, who had suffered from an appendicitis attack; L. H. Forrest, a mine employee, who recently sustained a serious eye injury in an accident, and Fred Jones, who had his hand crushed while working on a drill.

CRITICISM IS HURLED AGAINST U. S. DRY BOARD

Washington, D.C.—Three more dry members of the senate have spoken their minds concerning present prohibition enforcement conditions.

Borah, of Idaho, Norris, of Nebraska, and Brookhart, of Iowa, all Republicans allied with the independent faction, entered the current controversy with expressions of dissatisfaction with existing enforcement agencies.

Borah, who as President Hoover's most prominent campaigner on the prohibition issue, assailed the entire personnel charged with making the Volstead act effective, and asserted that as now constituted it would never enforce the law.

Norris, who supported governor Smith in the presidential campaign, declared that efforts to suppress the alcohol traffic have never been made in good faith in numerous sections of the country. Enforcement officers, he said, have many times overlooked cases of men with political influence making fortunes through traffic in illicit liquor.

Brookhart came to the support of Senator Harris, of Georgia, in the latter's demand for the removal of Judge Paul J. McCormick, from President Hoover's law enforcement commission. Referring to McCormick's statement that search of private homes without warrants was an outstanding evil of present enforcement activities, Brookhart expressed impatience "with making the government the criminal in enforcing the law and making heroes out of bootleggers."

UNIFIED BORDER PATROL IS NOW PLANNED BY U.S.

Washington, D.C.—Plans for prohibition enforcement, which include a unified border patrol and limitation of the number of ports of entry from Canada, will be submitted by the treasury to congress as soon as a joint congressional committee to consider prohibition questions is named.

Under-Secretary Mills, who made the announcement, said the plan for a unified border patrol would require the consent of Canada because it will provide for limitation of the number of ports of entry to this country. In addition the plan, he said, will provide for an extensive border patrol under direction of the coastguard to prevent smuggling.

At Washington.—Under-Secretary added, a person coming from Canada may enter this country anywhere along the border, but must report his entrance at the nearest port. This required, he said, a patrol to work ten or fifteen miles inside the border. Under the new plan approved by congress and Canada, the patrol would work along the exact border and prevent entry anywhere except at points designated.

Ottawa.—The "teeth" would be taken out of the proposal mentioned from Washington for limitation of the number of ports of entry from Canada, it is considered in official circles, if legislation were enacted by the Dominion refusing clearance to vessels carrying liquor to the United States. The possibility that steps might be taken to refuse clearances for liquor shipments from Canada has been mentioned from time to time.

No official statement was obtainable, however, on the contents of the Washington despatch. Hon. W. D. Euler, Minister of National Revenue, is out of the capital and will not return for several days.

Mount Ishbel

High Peak In Rocky Mountains Named After Daughter Of British Labor Premier

Ottawa.—A peak in the Rockies 10,000 feet in height, has been named Mount Ishbel, to commemorate the recent visit to Canada which Miss Ishbel MacDonald made with her father, the British premier. The peak is located 12 miles west of Banff, standing boldly from those visible from the Lake Louise District. Announcement that Miss MacDonald's name had been perpetuated for all time in this manner, was made recently from the Department of the Interior.

Predicts Northern Railway

Line From Peace River To Great Slave Lake Certain, Says Colonel Cornwall

Edmonton, Alberta.—Construction of a railway line from Peace River to Great Slave Lake is predicted by Col. J. N. K. Cornwall, veteran northerner, who said a flying visit to Edmonton on his way to spend the Christmas holidays in Victoria, B.C.

"Northern development cannot be halted," he added. "The region is one of the richest in the world, and its development will really begin when adequate railway transportation is provided."

Rescue Is Effected

London, England.—Exchange Telegraph despatches from Ellington, New Zealand, reported the crews of two whaling expeditions sent out by the Boyd Antarctic expedition had been rescued after their boats had been crushed in the ice. The news was received by the Byrd supply ship "Eleanor Bolling," by wireless. The "Eleanor Bolling" is now at Dunedin, New Zealand.

Made Long Hike

Guelph, Ont.—Plodding for 18 miles through the snow-filled road from Guelph, Ontario, to a point seven miles below Arthur, Peter Peterson, 80-year-old Arthur resident, has established a record for endurance. He had come to Guelph by train and returned to his home on foot although he had a return ticket in his pocket.

Starts Egg-Laying Contest

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—The twelfth annual Prince Edward Island egg-laying contest has been started with an entry of 240 birds. Fifty-nine of the entries come from flocks that have laid 200 eggs or more averaging 24 ounces to the dozen.

Alterations of Berlin's network of canals are being planned to make it possible for 1,000-ton vessels to pass directly through the city.

Hospitals For Drug Addicts

Proper Medical Treatment Under Right Conditions Would Produce Good Results

A resolution deploring the lack in Canada of facilities for the treatment of drug addicts was passed by a conference on medical services that was arranged by the Canadian Medical Association, and that was lately held in Ottawa. The conference suggested that the provinces amend their laws to permit of the care of habitual users of narcotics in hospitals and to provide for the commitment of such persons to those institutions for treatment. The conference thus reaffirmed the stand that the Ontario Medical Association took in an interview with the Government last year. The association expressed the view that incarceration of drug addicts in jails and prisons was not an effective way of curing them of their degrading habit, and urged the Government to make provision for compulsory hospital treatment for addicts. It did not undertake to say whether such treatment should be given in a special institution or in one of the hospitals already established in the province. It did ask the Government to provide hospital facilities and to empower magistrates to commit victims of the drug habit to the institution possessing those facilities.

The conference in Ottawa, it is stated in passing its resolution, acted upon a suggestion made by Dr. A. J. Amyot, deputy minister of the Dominion Department of Health. In that connection, it may be recalled that an official of the department, Colonel C. H. L. Sharman, chief of the narcotic division, spoke in a report issued a year ago of the need for institutions for drug addicts. He pointed out that, at that time, Alberta was the only province of Canada which had an institution to which drug-users could be committed. Whether success was being achieved in dealing with addiction he believed could be increased "if remaining provinces filled the crying need which exists for the provision of institution for addicts which would tend to which narcotic addicts could be sent by physician practising in the province. Cases of addiction other than those of the underworld," said Colonel Sharman, "become known only in the strictest confidence, and I venture to state that if the medical profession had at its disposal machinery for handling the narcotic addict in a manner somewhat different from that of handling the insane, the results in some of the provinces, at least, would prove surprising and more than worth while."

Women Police

Turkey Considering Adviseability Of Establishing Training School For Women Police

Success on the part of the women's police force of England has resulted in several European countries adopting a similar force. Turkey is the latest nation to express a desire to establish a training school for women police.

Commander Mary S. Allen's police pickets which were sent to the Rhine to co-operate with the British military police are taken as a working model. Early in the New Year, Commander Allen will visit Turkey and make a study of conditions before recommending a system suitable for Turkey. She intends to visit Constantinople for several months and make short trips to other leading cities during her survey.

The Oldest Trees

Christmas trees, as a family, are the oldest of all trees. Scientists say that their direct ancestors were the first flowering plants on earth. They are believed to have originated during a period of very severe climate, their needle-like leaves presenting less surface to cold and exposing than the broad-leaved trees that evolved in later periods of the earth's history.



"My fiancé wants to be married very soon to the most charming girl in the world."

"The wretch! After promising to marry you."—Euen Humor, Madrid.

W. H. O. 1518

Where the Country Scores

People Living On Farms Have Many Things City Dwellers Covet

The other day a wealthy lady wished to bestow a gift that would bring real pleasure to the boys and girls of Chicago. Knowing children's interest in the "zoo," she decided to present to the gardens an animal the little people never had seen, kangaroos, and lions, and bears, and giraffes had been on exhibition ever since the youngsters knew anything. What was she to do? Ah, happy thought! She would make detailed inquiry and find out the name of an animal the young Chicagoans never had looked upon. And here it was: The children of the windy, hot, mighty city, had never seen a cow. And so, bossy found her place of proud preeminence to the loudly acclaimed delight of her youthful admirers.

Were those young Americans ignorant of these things, but the common things about city life of which the country cousins never dreamed. Alfalfa and lanes, and picture galleries, and gymnasiums, and equipped playgrounds were the dearest of commonplaces to them. They were fed up on these things. But the common objects of the country filled them with wonder and surprise.

"We're tired and hungry and out of gasoline," the owner of a large motor car said to an Ontario farmer's wife one day noon last summer. "Can you let us have a little gasoline till we get to the next filling station?"

"Surely! Sit in and have a bite. We're sorry we have nothing fine for you."

"Lady," said the big business man, after he had finished his meal, "New York has nothing like that; home-cured ham, wild strawberries, Jersey cream, and fresh June butter! These are dainties for the gods. I'm fed up with the cooking of the big hotel!"

The big crisp bill he left under his plate testified his appreciation.

Fed up! What a pity!

Good Feed For Poultry

Hens Do Better On Potatoes Than Corn Meal

Small unmerchantable potatoes may very profitably be fed to poultry. In an experiment planned to compare boiled potatoes with corn meal in the laying mash at the Fredericton, N.B., Experimental Station, it was found that the potato mash did even better than when corn meal was used in the mash.

Each group was fed a scratch mixture of two parts of cracked corn, two parts wheat, and one part oats. One group received a dry mash containing equal parts of corn meal, crushed bran, wheat middlings and crushed oats. The other group received a moist mash consisting of equal parts of wheat bran, wheat middlings and crushed oats mixed with boiled potatoes. The proportions fed were two parts potatoes and one part mash. Each group received charcoal grit, milk, green feed and water.

The experiment ran from the first of December until the end of May in each of three years. The average egg production for the six-month periods for the three years was \$23 for the corn meal fed lot, as compared with \$8.69 when the potatoes were fed. The potato feeding also showed an advantage in hatching results, as it is shown in the report of the station for 1928, published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, that in all the hatchings the hatches were higher from the b's, both male and female, that received potatoes instead of corn meal in the mash.

A Right Choice

Good advice in the form of an examination problem occurs in this selection from an examination paper set for candidates in a commercial test.

There are times in the life of every right-minded young man when he is troubled as to what he shall do for a livelihood.

A right choice from what the world offers is an important step, and the first thing to notice is that educated labor is nearly always in demand.

The essential thing is to have an object in life, an ideal with which you will raise the character and excellence of your work.

Why He Liked the Navy

"Tell me, Pat," said the vicar to his ex-gardener, home on leave, "how do you like the navy?"

"Oh, it's a fine life, sir, begob," said Pat.

"I'm glad you like it, Pat."

"Be jabbers, sir! Wance upon a time I didn't think much of it, but now I see that water's the finest thing in the wurld. Look you, your reverence, if there was no water in the wurld, not wan of us 'ud learn to swim, and then what a lot of poor devils 'ud be drowned!"

A garden at Monterey, Cal., has a specimen of every kind of tree in the world.

A YOUTHFUL TRAFFER



Leo Dumontelle, 14-year-old Chapleau boy, is seen here with the pelts of two foxes he caught within a quarter mile of his home. The second fox was being attacked by a wolf when the boy approached and caused an exciting few minutes.

Etiquette In Egypt

Impolite For Arabs To Take Leave Of Host Until Asked To Do So

An English traveller in Egypt recently wrote: "Four of us have just returned from a five-day desert trip. Our caravan consisted of nine camels. On getting ready to turn in on one occasion, we were surprised to see a party of Bedouin horsemen approaching, and not being sure of their intentions we began to finger our revolvers. Stopping within a few yards of our camp, their leader came forward, and, after somewhat verbose salutations, explained that he was paying us a friendly visit. They soon made themselves at home and we gave them coffee. In return they offered us some filthy water, which we dared not refuse for fear of giving offence. They had been with us for some time, and we were dog-tired after a strenuous day's march. Were they ever going to move off? We learned afterwards that Arabs consider it impolite to take leave of their host until asked to do so. We, being on our best behaviour, would never have thought of suggesting their departure. It was past midnight, conversation had begun to lag, and we were all heavily-eyed. One portly gentleman began to do a little snooze. On being rudely awakened by one of his companions, I suggested he might like to take to his bed. They required no further bidding. After a hasty farewell the whole 'band were off like a shot."

Will Sell Canal For Song

Offer To Sell Desjardins Canal, Near Hamilton, For \$100

Who wants a full-sized canal for the sum of \$1? This bargain has been offered by the town of Dundas, and the canal in question is the Desjardins channel from Hamilton Bay to Dundas.

The canal was built about 90 years ago, and is owned by the town of Dundas, William Ainslie, of the harbor board, stated recently. The town still owns the waterway, but has offered it to the commission for the nominal sum of \$1.

"I am in favor of buying," the commissioner said.

Sark, one of the English Channel islands, has many curious local taxes, one being paid in fowls by each house according to the number of chimneys it possesses.

A SMART CHAPEAU



This smart chapeau in chestnut felt is from the House of Surcil, Paris. Photograph is by Henri Manuel, Paris.

Cannibals Misunderstood

French Traveller Finds Cannibals Nice Friendly People

Cannibals are nice, friendly people who really do not mean to eat human beings when they make a meal out of a plump missionary, or the fat chief of an enemy tribe. In fact, they would be very conscience-stricken if told that they had partaken of their fellow-men.

That is the belief of Pierre Milie, French journalist and traveller, who has written in "La Quotidien" about his adventures among cannibals in the Congo. The much misunderstood about this man-eating business, he contends, hinges on the totem-pole, known as tanna in the language of many primitive people.

"The totem or tanna symbolizes to these people a mythical ancestor, generally an animal," explains Milie. "Each tribe believes it is descended from a lion, an elephant, a tiger or some other beast. As a consequence a tribesman is forbidden to eat of the animal symbolizing his tribe or any member of his tribe. He can, of course, make a supper on the people of another tribe because they are descended from another animal."

In other words, while a member of the lion clan, with Epicurean zest, digests a member of the cow tribe he is under the impression that he is merely eating a live-coutlet.

Milie has observed that cannibals after being converted to the Christian or Moslem faith are immediately filled with horror at the idea of eating human flesh. They have come to realize that all men belong to the human race.

Relating a few of his experiences in the Congo, he writes: "I remember one day that my porters, who were very hungry, had captured a huge tortoise. Unhappily one of them believed he was descended from a tortoise. He refused to take part in the meal at first, but he finally gave in on account of the insistence of the others and his own appetite. After the meal, however, he became so terrified at what he had done, that he became violently ill."

When Man Carried Muffs

Fashion Common Up To Close Of Eighteenth Century

Though we are told that muffs are to be worn again this winter by women, it is highly unlikely that any of the once sterner sex will follow their example. Yet up to the close of the eighteenth century it was common for the well-dressed man to sport a muff suspended round his neck by a ribbon. Horace Walpole, writing to George Montagu, in December, 1765, says, "I send you a decent smallish muff that you may put in your pocket, and it costs but fourteen shillings."

Pepys took his wife's old muff into use, and let her buy a new one. But then Pepys was capable of edging his waistcoat with gold braid taken from his wife's best petticoat, "that she had when I married her."

The Return Trip

The late Booker T. Washington used to tell a story of his meeting a colored woman and asking: "Well, Miranda, where are you going?" "I'm going nowhere, Mr. Washington," was the reply. "I've been where I've got to."

The United States had but 5,000,000 population in 1800, and Europe had but 150,000,000.

Travelling To The Stars

Professor Gives Idea Of Distances In Interesting Way

Prof. H. R. Kingston, of the University of Western Ontario, at London, desirous of conveying some idea of the distances between the earth and the sun, and between the earth and the moon and the nearest star, does this in a very interesting way. When we look at the stars, he remarks, we are inevitably struck with the impression that they are very, very far away. Yet our wildest imagination is scarcely adequate to comprehend their mighty distances. The sun, our star, is ninety-three million miles away, but this distance is only the first step on the road to the other stars. The very nearest of the more remote stars is about 275,000 times as far away as the sun, or over 26 million miles away. But this is really only the beginning of the story, since most stars are many times more distant than the nearest star, and even thousands of times as distant.

Suppose we start out for the nearest star on a train going a mile every minute, day and night. It will take us five months and a half to reach our moon, and one hundred and seventy years to get to the sun. To reach the nearest star, however, will take us over 40 million years. At mention of this figure we can do little but gasp, and we are forced to take a much faster train to cover the distance in a comprehensible time.

To visualize in still another way the distance to the nearest star, we may represent the sun by a small walnut, and the earth by a grain of dust eight feet from the walnut. On this scale the nearest star would be about 430 miles away. Surely our sun must be a very homesome star in our universe! To account for this distance is only a few stars are even approximately as near as this one. Only about 500 known stars are within 100 light-years of our sun. The distance of the farthest stars in our universe is about 150,000 light years.

True Sportsmanship

British Always Friendly With Opponent When Scrap Is Over

At a banquet in London, England, which was a sort of festive reunion for the British officers who participated in the conquest of German East Africa during the war, the German General who was beaten in those prairies was the guest of honor. The French papers carried this incident showing again the incomprehensible mental state of Englishmen in general. Still they should not forget how these incomprehensible things work out. Like that German General, whose names is Herr von Lettow-Vorbeck, French papers also once carried arms against the British Empire. Yet, afterwards, he was Commander-in-Chief of British troops in Africa, member of the Imperial Cabinet, co-editor of the Covenant of Geneva, Prime Minister of a British Dominion. That is what Great Britain's made of a one-time bitter enemy. The pacification of the South African Dutch, the most stubborn race on earth, and the country's elevation to a British dominion remain for all time one of the greatest achievements of British liberalism. In the present instance the British officer who they harbored no minor. They are sportsmen, who appreciate the valor of an opponent, but are willing to shake hands with him the moment the scrap is over. It's better than brooding over revenge or allowing the other fellow to brood.

Settled the Question

Captain Proved His Point When Engineer Grounded Ship

Over the cabin table the captain and the chief engineer grew warm over which of the two the ship could best get along without, so, by way of a test, they agreed to swap jobs. The chief climbed the bridge and the captain dived into the engine room. Two hours later the captain suddenly appeared on deck covered with oil and sweat. One eye was blackened and he appeared much the worse for wear. "Chief!" he called, wildly beckoning with a wrench, "you'll have to come down here at once. I can't make her go."

"Of course you can't," replied the chief, calmly removing the pipe from his mouth, "she's ashore."

A New Religion

"What is your religion?" the recruit was asked.

Promptly and manly came the answer, "Millionaire."

"No, no, I said 'religion,'" I repeated.

"Oh, 'religion,' sir. I beg your pardon. I'm a plumber."

"Master, how long do you keep your shop open?"

"Six o'clock sunny."

"Can't you stay open till 7 tonight?"

"If my daddy gives me a dime I'm going to buy some putty."

Manitoba Marble

Samples Shown In The East Attract Much Attention

The capital in the early part of December was alive with provincial premiers and cabinet ministers. While most of the visitors were concerned, primarily, with the natural resources negotiations, all of them had special missions which took them from city to city and into various departments of the Federal Government.

Some of these missions were extraordinary, but to Hon. Donald McKenzie, Minister of Lands and Forests in the Manitoba Government, goes the distinction of undertaking a job as unusual as it was laborious. Mr. McKenzie put up with a vast amount of good natured chaffing on his way to Ottawa to attend the resources conference. He came by the most direct route possible, avoiding all unnecessary changes from one train to another and planning his trip so as to avoid long walks. The fact is that he brought along two heavy slabs and a multitude of little blocks of Manitoba marble.

Most people in the east raise their eyes at the mention of Manitoba marble. It is not commonly known that there is such a thing. Mr. McKenzie anticipated this skepticism in Ottawa, so instead of coming down to tell the Federal officials about it, he brought along a few large size samples to show what Manitoba has got to offer in the marble business. The samples weighed something over 40 pounds each, in addition to the usual paraphernalia carried by a public man on such expeditions, were no small burden. Mr. McKenzie, however, was brought up on a farm, and is accustomed to carrying heavy loads.

The purpose of bringing Manitoba marble to Ottawa, was to demonstrate its exceptional beauty and quality to the officials of the Federal Government, whose business it is to award contracts for public buildings and to stipulate in the specifications for these buildings the kind and quality of stone to be used.

It may be said that while Mr. McKenzie's line of attack was somewhat unusual, he achieved surprising success, and was under no necessity to carry his samples home again. On the other hand, Ottawa was surprised and pleased to discover that such excellent marble stone is available in the prairie provinces. It is thought very probable that the specifications for the new post office, to be erected at Brandon will call for the use of Manitoba marble.

As a matter of fact, two valuable commercial deposits of marble have been discovered in the province in recent years. One deposit, now in production, is at Mile 40, Hudson Bay Railway. This marble is of excellent quality. The colorings vary from light to a delicate, warm, rose ivory. The other deposit is at Hole River, on the east side of Lake Winnipeg. It, also, is in production and the quality of the stone is unsurpassed. The coloring of the Hole River marble differs from the more northerly deposit. It varies from dark grey to a green, of a kind known as "serpentine."

Mr. McKenzie reported that active quarrying is underway at both deposits and already stone has been shipped to New York, Toronto, Montreal, Chicago and Minneapolis.

Placing the Owner

Montgomery had just purchased a fine old vase, and was endeavoring to impress his visitors with its antiquity. "Ah, it's a beauty! It belonged to General—er—General—er—what's his name?"

"Oh, ah, yes!" said a sarcastic friend, coming to his aid. "General Denier, wasn't it?"

Jenkins—Sorry I can't stop, old boy, but I've got to go home and explain to the wife.

Simpson—Explain what? Jenkins—I don't know till I get home.

"Sir, would you give five dollars to buy a saxophone player?"

"Here's thirty dollars; buy six of 'em."



"Why is it we never hear of women cashiers absconding?"

"They always take the chief with them."—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig

Don't "Dose" Headache



RUB forehead and temples with Vicks; also melt in hot water and inhale the vapors.

This clears the head and usually brings quick relief, especially in those cases which so often accompany colds.

If headaches come too often, consult a physician.

VICKS
VAPORUB
OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAILEY
Copyright, 1928, Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.

SYNOPSIS

Al Stone, singing waiter at Blackie Joe's New York night club, is loved by Grace Farrell, the cigarette girl, but he doesn't know it. He marries Molly Winton, a ballet singer, and wins fame as a composer of popular songs. When their baby, Junior, is about two years old, Molly elopes with John Perry, Al's best friend. She and Perry take the child Al adores, and sail for France. Al, broken by the loss, becomes a derelict. Months later he drifts into Blackie's place and is saved by Grace Farrell, who makes him promise to stage a comeback. Al falls in love with Grace, and while Grace is happy in his love, she often wonders what has become of Molly, and is worried.

CHAPTER XXVIII

Grace realized that on many occasions when Al was silent he was thinking of his beloved son and wondering how Junior was getting on. It was just about a year now since Molly had so cruelly taken him from Al and rushed off to Europe with John Perry. No word had reached New York concerning the elopers since that one message announcing that Molly was suing for divorce. This strange silence in itself was ominous to Grace. She knew that Al's life was inextricably bound up in Junior's and because of that Molly had a hold on him.

Perhaps Al sensed this feeling of instability in Grace. At any rate, he broached the subject near to her heart.

"Grace, you and I are going to be married one of these days?"

It was a question, not an assertion, and Grace looked at him with gently interrogating eyes, saying nothing.

"Will you marry me, Grace?"

"Al, you know how I feel. You know I love you—of course I want to marry you. But—"

"But what?"

"You don't even know if you're divorced or not."

"I'm finding that out—the lawyers are working on it now. I would have brought it up before, but I wanted to



Felt Tired and Miserable

"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for miserable and tired feelings and it gave me strength to do my work. My nerves are better and I feel well and strong and have a good appetite. I sleep well and am in pretty good spirits and able to work every day now. I recommend the Vegetable Compound and you may use this letter as a testimonial."—Miss Delvina Wallace, Union Street, North Devon, New Brunswick.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
Solely Prepared by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass., U. S. A.
100 Cent. Bottles, Ontario, Canada.

W. N. U. 1818

be well on the way to recovery before I mentioned it to you."

"But what about Junior?"

A faint shadow crossed Al's face, then he drove it away. "He had reasoned that out, too."

"I can't have Junior, anyway," he said. "Molly would never give him up. And I do want you, Grace. I want you so much. I love you dearly. I never stop loving you for a single moment. I think you're the most adorable and fascinating and beautiful person on earth."

Grace stepped closer and looked up into his eyes. "And I feel the same about you, Al," she said simply and sincerely.

Meanwhile, what was happening to Molly in Paris?

During the first few months in the French capital and in the brilliant resorts along the Riviera she had been deliciously happy with John Perry. And she loved having Junior with her, too.

But Perry did not like Junior; the child was not his own and he often felt that the little boy came between him and Molly. Molly did not notice this at first, she only found increasing joy in the presence of the dark, handsome Perry. Never for a moment did she regret leaving Al and giving up the fame he had brought her on Broadway. She abandoned herself completely to her adoration of Perry, waiting impatiently for her divorce to be granted. This complete submersion of her character to the whims and demands of Perry astonished even Molly herself. Never had she believed it possible for her to forget herself so completely in thoughts of another person.

The couple travelled from one resort to another, spending money lavishly, but always circumspectly because the divorce had not yet been granted. When they gambled at Deauville or Monte Carlo it was Molly's money that was used, for it turned out that John Perry did not have so much after all. He had earned the reputation of having a fortune simply because of his lavish spending on Broadway.

But during this period the relationship between Molly and John changed perceptibly. It was as though he began to show signs of boredom and Molly who became more infatuated. One day when she was moody he did not forgive her as Al had always done. He simply went away and stayed a few days. When he returned in response to her begging letters she loved him more madly than ever.

Then came the day when Perry said, "Molly, I wish you wouldn't have that child around so much. He interferes with our plans and he bothers me terribly."

Molly's voice trembled as she answered, "But I love him, John? What can I do with him?"

"Send him away," insisted Perry harshly. "Send him to a nursing home, or board him out with some family."

Molly gazed long into the handsome, irritated features of the man she loved. She realized she must do as he said if she would hold him. So little Junior was boarded out with a French family. It happened to be a family where he wasn't given good care, so his usually rosy cheeks became thin and pale. He was terribly lonely, too, and he often cried for his mother, who only came to see him once a week now. Vaguely he remembered his daddy back in America, the daddy who had loved him so.

One day Molly realized that her money was dwindling with dangerous rapidity. John Perry asked almost daily for loans, which he wasted in gambling, and never suggested paying back. Molly was afraid to call him to account, afraid even to stop giving him money. With a deadly pain in her heart she sensed that she was on the verge of losing him. If she said a word he might up and leave her at a moment's notice, but if she kept silent he would probably marry her. And the divorce was due any day now.

Shrewd John Perry played pitilessly on Molly's infatuation for him, as pitilessly as she had once used Al's love became more uncertain with each passing day and his demands for large sums of money more insistent.

Then came the day when Molly received news of the divorce. She was wild with happiness as she flung her arms about John Perry's neck.

"Now, John, we can be married! Isn't it love?"

Perry put his hands lightly on her shoulders and looked down into her eyes with a quizzical expression. A show-down was at hand.

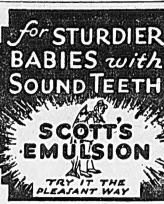
"Wonderful!" he said deliberately. "Well—maybe. And maybe not."

"What do you mean, John? Don't you want to marry me?"

"No, I don't think I do," he answered calmly.

Molly drew back. First her expression was beseeching, then came anger.

"After all I've done for you — to throw me down!"



Perry merely shrugged his shoulders in answer.

Then fury broke loose in Molly. "You cheating dog!" She backed away from him, picked up a vase from a table, and sent it straight toward his head. Perry dodged deftly, smiling as the vase smashed in fragments against the wall. With a nonchalant air he picked up his hat and stick.

"Where are you going?" cried Molly.

"I'm leaving. You'll never see me again."

Molly cried all that night. Next morning she received a telegram telling her Junior was dangerously ill!

Back in New York Al had returned to fame and Broadway in a Marcus Rex. All over the city you could see the flaming billboards announcing his presence—"Al Stone—Broadway's Famous 'Singing Fool'" —as the headline in the Marcus Rex ran for 1928. When you walked down Broadway at night you saw his name in yellow lights against the inky sky. His come-back was a complete success.

One night, as the stage doorkeeper at the Algonquin Theatre, where Al was appearing, sat smoking the stub of a cigar, a tidy and expensive little sport car drove into the alley by the stage entrance. Al was at the wheel and beside him sat Grace Farrell. The doorkeeper heard their happy chatter as Al parked the car. The young singer was feeling in particularly good form this evening, for the news had just reached him from Paris of Molly's divorce. That meant that he and Grace would soon be married.

(To Be Continued.)

Trust Fund for Soldiers

People Would Be Glad To Support Such a Worthwhile Institution

Why not start a nation-wide trust fund that shall be invested and administered for the benefit of those soldiers who gave so much, and who are receiving so little, and that little sometimes only after the unwinding of endless red tape? One dollar from every resident of Canada would create a fund that would be a most practical expression of our obligation. Almost any person could and would pay one dollar if they thought that the problem of caring for disabled soldiers could be carried out in a proper manner. Many would pay thousands. For the investment and administration of such a fund the best minds of the country would be available. It would be an honour to serve on such a Board of Administration, and men of keen business ability would bring to bear upon this problem the same good sense that they show in conducting their own business. The principle here suggested of creating a trust fund for our soldiers has already been adopted in connection with the Canadian Legion, but that fund is too small to meet the needs.

Whether the corn be of old or new growth, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Remover.

What He Required

The tramp knocked hopefully at the door of the cottage.

"Please, mum," he said to the lady who opened it, "I'm a sick man. The doctor gave me this medicine, but I ain't got nothing to take with it. A sympathetic light came into her eyes."

"Poor fellow!" she murmured. I suppose you want a spoon and a glass of water?"

"No, mum," he replied, "I wouldn't trouble you for that. But the medicine is to be taken after meals. I was wondering if you'd got one of them 'andy'?"

Minard's Wards Off Grippe.

Naturally Peevish

Magistrate: "Now tell me, what started the trouble?"

Witness: "I asked him quite politely who was going to be buried, and he answered sarcastically. Like: 'I dunno; I s'pose it's the gentleman in the hearse.'"

Mrs. Richleigh: Rembrandts are scarce, you know.

Mrs. Goldman: Yes, only the other day I noticed there are only four in the telephone directory.

There is one thing, and only one, left that cannot be jazzed — the village church bell.

What's In a Name

Evidently a Lot According To Captain Of Sailing Ships

It is a legend of the sea that you may do what you like with a steamship; change her name, alter her so that her own builder would not know her—but you must not do this with a sailing ship, for she has a soul.

This is the tragedy of the man who did, and of the fate that befell his fleet of windjammers.

The war had not ended long before Sir William Garthwaite, owner of the Garth Line, a man with a love of the sea in his blood, bethought himself that so long as there were oceans there would be room for the sailing ship.

So he bought up six of the finest windjammers, with wonderful records of service in the Cape Horn trade, but—he re-named them all and today not one of them exists.

The last of the line, the four-masted barque, "Garthpool," was wrecked a short time ago off the west coast of Africa.

"It was what I would have wished," said Sir William Garthwaite, "she went down under own colors on a voyage—not sold to a foreigner or handed over to the shipbreakers."

"Garthpool, Garthway, Garthforce, Garthnell, Garthand, Garthgarry"—one by one they have gone. One struck an iceberg, another was wrecked on an island, a third was dismantled and battered to a hulk in a typhoon, yet another had to be abandoned after a cruel buffeting by mountainous seas.

"It is true that I rechristened them," gave him all the proof "Garth," for I loved them. A sailing ship has a soul, a beauty, all her own. The captain of the "Mauretania" told me once he could always tell a man trained in sail.

"And now they have gone, for my type, but the last deep sea windjammer in British ownership."

Prehistoric Indian Fortification

Another Historic Saved To Be Preserved For Nation

The Southwood Earthwork, an old Indian stronghold near St. Thomas, Ont., famous among archaeologists as the only prehistoric Indian double wall fortification of which remains have been found, has been saved from oblivion by the intervention of the historic sites division of the National Parks Branch.

The old fort, the walls of which have crumbled so that they are now but three feet high, is thought to have been one spot at which the people of the Neutral Nation made their last desperate stand against the war-like advances of the Iroquois who finally drove them from Ontario about 250 years ago.

The site itself covers an area of about three acres. The fort was protected by a double line of earthworks which completely enclosed it. The "moat" between the two walls was about 30 feet in width. It is thought likely that a palisade of high sharpened logs set vertically formed the superstructure atop the earthwork.

Woman Has Busy Life

Works In Factory and Runs Farm At Eighty-Two

Another milestone in the busy life of Miss Kate Ralph, Cromwell, Conn., has been reached. Her eighty-second birthday was observed as usual, at her work in the plant of a toy manufacturing company, where she has been employed for sixty-five years. She paints toys. Daily she walks three miles to the factory and then peddles newspapers. Home again at night, she has a farm to look after before she calls it a day. A brother and sister live with her.

It Will Relieve a Cold.—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas' Eucaly Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will prevent any subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will usually stop the cough because it allays the irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

Lady (to doctor): "I'm bothered with a little wart I'd like to get rid of."

Doctor:—"You're in the wrong office, lady, the divorce lawyer is next door."

After Skating

Rub joints and muscles with Minard's to avoid stiffness or ache. Hockey players recommend it.



Needless Pain!

Some folks take pain for granted. They let a cold "run its course."

They wait for their headaches to "wear off."

If suffering from neuritis or from neuritis, they rely on feeling better in the morning.

Meantime, they suffer unnecessary pain. Unnecessary, because there is an antidote.

Aspirin tablets always offer immediate relief from various aches and pains we once had to endure. If pain persists, consult your doctor as to its cause.

Save yourself a lot of pain and discomfort through the many proven uses of Aspirin. Aspirin is safe. Always the same. All drug stores with complete directions.



Man Has Shivered For Fourteen Years

Was Torpedoed In Arctic Circle and Has Not Been Warm Since

The oldest man in London is an omnibus conductor who claims that he has not been warm in 14 years. He told a reporter:

"I was torpedoed on August 8, 1915, in the Arctic Circle, and I've never stopped shivering since. I was serving in the auxiliary cruiser "India," and was four hours on a raft. I still dream of gasping for breath as the seas swept over us."

"Another man and I were interned in Norway. In a desperate spot, and we used to dress to go to bed."

The Medical Correspondent writes: "It is quite feasible that a mental shock should make a man cold for a great extent of his life. Warmth depends mainly on blood circulation, and pressure which are to a great extent controlled by the secretions of the ductless glands. Ideas or impressions can definitely affect their action."

A Flood Of Testimonials

Perhaps the reason Commander Byrd is coming in for some criticism from other explorers is because of the flood of testimonials as to the merits of this and that used by his expedition. These testimonials presumably are well paid for by the recipients. Exploration becomes a little too commercial, perhaps, in such circumstances. But everybody's endorsing something or other nowadays.

Persian Balm—there is nothing like it for creating and preserving a lovely complexion. Cooling, caressing—it soothes and dispels all roughness or chafe caused by weather conditions. Delicately fragrant, it adds exquisite charm to the most finished appearance. Dainty women inevitably choose Persian Balm. A velvety smooth lotion. It makes the skin rose-leaf in texture. Recommended also to soften and whiten the hands. Truly a peerless toilet requisite for every woman.

Oak Tree As Memorial

The million and a half French war dead have been commemorated by a single oak tree which has been planted on the place of the arch of triumph, near the tomb of the Unknown Soldier. This tree is the lieu of pilgrimage of thousands of persons daily. It is carefully tended, given plenty of water, and if it dies, it will be replaced, so that there will always, through time, be an oak tree on that spot commemorating the world war dead.

Not Under His Own Power

Spectator.—It was magnificent of you, sir, to dive from that height fully clothed, and effect such a difficult rescue in this mountainous sea. The Rescuer.—That's all very well, but what I want to know is who pushed me.

Nearly 25,000 automobiles crossed the desert between Syria and Iraq this year.

The man who can mind his own business has a mind worth cultivating.

Little Helps For This Week

"Blessed is the man whom Thou chastenest, O Lord."—Psalm xciv. 12

I know that trial works for ends. Too high for sense to trace. That oft in dark attire He sends Some embassy of grace: May none depart till I have gained.

The blessing which it bears And learn, though late, I entertained An angel unaware. —James Drummond Burns.

Be not afraid of those trials which God may see fit to send upon thee. It is with the wind and storm of tribulation that God separates the true wheat from the chaff. Remember, therefore, that God comes to thee in thy sorrow as really as in thy joys. He lays low and He builds up. Thou wilt find thyself far from perfection if thou dost not find God in everything.—Miguel Molinos.

Old Motors Useful On Farm

Someone has taken the trouble to find out what becomes of all the old automobile engines and the result is interesting. It appears they are particularly adapted to agricultural needs, for many of them were located on farms. At sawing wood, pressing cider, mixing concrete, cutting fodder, pumping water, and threshing and grinding grain many of the discarded engines were found chugging cheerfully.

Falling Hair—Just try Minard's.

"Have you ever driven a car?" the lady applicant for a license was asked.

"One hundred and twenty thousand miles," put in her husband, who was standing near by, "and never had a hand on the wheel."

Foxes For Sweden

A cargo of 500 live foxes, gathered from the ranches in the Maritimes, Ontario, British Columbia and the State of Washington, left recently for Sweden. This follows a recent shipment to Sweden of some 250 foxes collected in the Maritime Provinces.

NERVES WERE BAD

Could Not Sleep Tired All Day Long

Miss Florence Coulter, Bark Lake, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with my nerves, could not sleep at night, and felt tired all day long."

"A neighbor came in to see me, one morning, and advised me to take

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

"The first box did me good and after the sixth box I was able to go back to my work."

Price, 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The "Advance" Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta (Weekly) Newspapers Association, and observe the prices and conditions of these organizations.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week.

Heard About Town

Wesley Seager left Sunday night for Wetaskiwin.

Mrs. J. Long, of Cereal, is visiting for two days at the home of her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. John Coult and family were Christmas guests at the home of H. Dünster.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Todd and daughter May, were Christmas guests at the Kenna home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Lawrence entertained the Hillie family, of Cereal, to Christmas dinner.

Mrs. M. C. Nicholson spent New Year's day at Youngstown, the guest of Mrs. W. Crockett.

Miss Marvel Milligan entertained to dinner the Misses Niff and Madeline Otto Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bassett and Miss Sharp, of the telephone office, spent New Year's day at Cereal.

A number of young people from town drove out to the Gingles home Friday evening, making a pleasant surprise.

Mr. and Mrs. Chapman entertained at three tables of bridge Monday evening. Mrs. Harry Smith was winner of the lady's prize and A. J. McGill, of Stranfer, winner of the gentleman's prize.

The Curling Club novelty dance held on Friday evening was a grand success. There was a good crowd and they enjoyed the dance so much they did not want to stop, keeping it up to a later hour than usual.

Chinook Consolidated S.D. No. 16

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the ratepayers of Chinook Consolidated S.D. No. 16, for the purpose of receiving the reports for the year 1929 and electing the necessary trustees for the ensuing year, will be held in the school on Saturday, January 11, at 1.30 p.m.

LORNE PROUDFOOT,
Secretary.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115,
G.R.A., A.F. & A.M.

Meets at 2 p.m. the Wednesday
or after the full moon.
Visiting brethren cordially wel-
comed.

JAS. RENNIE,
W.M.
R. W. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

Chinook S. D. No. 16

The Board of Trustees of the Chinook Consolidated School District, No. 16, met in the school hall on Wednesday, December 11, at 2 p.m., with Hille, Roseman, McDonald and McLean present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

The correspondence was taken care of and several bills ordered paid.

Some changes were made in the pay for van driving—route 6, from \$4.50 to \$5; routes 3 and 7, to \$5.50 after June 3.

On route 2 the van drivers will be as follows:

Wm. Martens—December 2-6.

L. Dessel—December 9 to January 24.

A. Hornmann—January 27 to February 14.

Geo. Hornmann—February 17 to March 7.

Lorne Proudfoot—March 10 to April 17.

On route 4 the van drivers will be as follows:

B. Peters—October 7 to November 1.

D. E. Currie—November 5-30.

P. Demaree—November 4 and December 2 to 20 and on route 3.

Jas. Young—September 3 to October 7.

D. D. Wiens—October 7 to November 1.

A. Roseman—November 4 to December 20.

On route 7 the van drivers will be as follows:

N. F. Marcy—October 1 to November 1.

J. J. Schmidt—To December 13.

Jno. Fast—December 16 to January 24.

On route 5 the van drivers will be as follows:

Dick and Martens—December 1-20.

T. Schmidt—January 6 to February 14 and on route 6.

R. W. Wright—January 6-31.

Jas. Young—February 1-29.

Two days of the van driving allotted to H. Dick were deducted for damage done to van while in his care.

A. Roseman was appointed a committee to purchase a sleigh from the Banner Hardware for use on the van being driven at present by H. Dick.

It was decided to hold the annual meeting in the school on Saturday, January 11, at 1.30 p.m.

A donation of \$30 was made to the Christmas tree fund for the school.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thompson and family, of Collholme, were Christmas guests at the home of J. W. Shier.

Canada exports more than \$70,000 worth of agricultural products for every man, woman and child in the Dominion.

Advertise

In The
Chinook
Advance

IT
PAYS

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

FOR SALE—30 pigs, 2 to 3 months old, or will exchange for young cattle; also a number of early Barre, Rock, and Lorne Proudfoot, section 23-28-7-4. P36-38

FOR SALE—Section 34, township 28, range 8, west 4th meridian, at \$10 per acre cash.—J. D. Rae, Royal Oak Hotel, Burnaby, Langsaw, Vancouver, B. C. P36-41

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	\$1.09
2 Northern	1.16
3 Northern	1.14
No. 4	1.07
No. 5	.97
No. 6	.81
Feed	.41

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter	.35
Eggs	.45

OATS

2 C. W.	.49
3 C. W.	.44
Feed	.42

BARLEY

3 C. W.	.46
4 C. W.	.41
Feed	.38

RYE

2 C. W.	.73
3 C. W.	.70

FLAX

1 N. W.	2.32
2 N. W.	2.28
3 N. W.	1.98

Church Announcements

Bible study will be held at the A. E. Roberts' home of Friday evening, January 3, at 8 o'clock. Subject—Romans 5:1 and 6:1—Justification of Faith. The Vigil Truth of the Reformation by Martin Luther. Everybody heartily welcomed.

CHINOOK UNITED

Sunday, January 5—Service 7.30. You are cordially invited to worship with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woolart, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC

Service Second Sunday Every Month, Mass at 8 a.m.

Western Canada has been regarded in the past as a grain and cattle country, its remarkable advance in industry being overlooked. A recent report shows that in the three provinces there are now 2,350 manufacturing concerns with a capital investment of over \$270,000,000.

School Concert Program

The following is the school concert program, rendered on Friday, December 20: Opening, "O Canada".

Welcome song, "Cock a Doodle Do", primary room.

Song, "Sing a Song of Xmas".

Dialogue, "Good Medicine".

Solo, "Little Chink", Lorne Rideout.

Tableaux, "Rendz Vows", primary room.

Star drill.

Vocal duet, Marjorie Lee and Urdine Brownell.

Monologue, "Billy Reifain", Billy McLean.

Chorus, "Sleigh Bells of Santa".

Recitation duet, "The Twins".

Freda Milligan and Jimmy Milligan.

Evergreen Drill, senior girls.

"The Candle Box", primary room.

Tableaux, "Silent Night".

Chorus, "Fear Old Xmas Dolls".

Recitation, "Sister's Best Feller", Lyle Milligan.

Violin solo, Wilma Hurley.

The Three Musketeers.

Monologue, "Miss Prim's Xmas shopping", Mable Gilbertson.

Chorus, "Santa Up-to-Date".

Play, "Squirring Up with the Boss", high school.

"God Save the King".

Collholme Collections

W. R. Morrison is visiting at the home of J. D. MacKinnon for the past week.

N. D. MacKinnon and two daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Hutchesson and son and John D. MacKinnon spent Xmas at the Morrison home.

The first time the residents of this district were able to see plainly the burning gas at Turner Valley was on the evenings of December 20 to 23, when the glow could be seen distinctly in the western sky from sunset on into the night.

Notice is hereby given to ratepayers of the Collholme Municipality to cast their votes in the right and honest way in supporting the new councillors about to be nominated. A change of new machinery often makes work better.

Although a short crop was experienced in the world at large in 1929, and in this district in particular, it does not prevent the people from having a good time. This is proven by the fact that 18 guests gathered at the W. W. Wilson home on Christmas.

The annual Xmas concert of the Collholme Nazarene Sunday School was held in the local church on December 20 and proved to be a great success. The seating capacity was exhausted, and all had a good time. The program was long and well rendered.

The participants did well considering that no practice was held. The following are the items of most interest: Recitation, Frances Macdowell; organ duet, Misses Frances and Ruth Macdowell; quartet, Mrs. W. Wilson, Mrs. N. Stewart, N. MacKinnon and N. Stewart; camp fire scene, all the children; duet, "Little Town of Bethlehem", Misses Pearl Stevenson and Jessie Morrison; solo, Miss J. Morrison; songs in German by members of Mennoite colony.

Heathdale Happenings

Heathdale school re-opens January 6.

Santa Claus was seen passing through with a six horse team on his way to Kimmundy on Christmas Eve.

W. E. Anderson has been driving a cattle buyer through the district and several farmers have contributed stock to a Chinook shipment.

The annual meeting of the Collholme Horse Breeders' Association will be held in Clover Leaf school on January 10 at 2.30 p.m. All members are requested to be present.

A very successful entertainment was held at Heathdale on December 19, when school closed for Xmas holidays. The school room was tastefully decorated for the occasion and the chair most efficiently filled by O. D. Harrington, secretary of the Board. The program was as follows: Chorus, "We're Mighty Glad U Came", school; recitation, "Merry Christmas", Jno. Allen; chorus, "While Shepherds Watched", school; recitation, "Christmas Hymn", 5 pupils; chorus, "Away in a Manger", primary grades; dialogue, "Uncle Sam", monologue.

"Uncle Skinfint's Xmas Gift", J. Allen; motion song, "Chiming Bells", 6 girls; recitation, "A Good Girl", Avis Letheredge; drill, 8 pupils; motion song, "Dolly, You Must Go to

Bed", 3 little girls; dialogue, "Teaching the Teacher", recitation, "A Very Good Boy", Teddy Wheatley; monologue, "Getten Even With Sister", Robt. Harrington; chorus, "Old Santa Claus", school; recitation solo, "Anna Laurie", Lawrence Savage; recitation, "Hypocrit Hop Girls", 5 little girls, flag drill, 8 pupils; violin solo, "Star of the East", John Moore; recitation, "Radio Santa", 5 children; dialogue, "The Train to Mauro", recitation, "Colored Candles", 9 pupils; organ solo, "March", Mary Moore; song, "Jolly Old St. Nicholas", small children; monologue, "The Picnic", Kathleen Moore; dialogue, "The Degen's Proposal", chorus, "The Red, White and Blue", (Miss Betty Allen impersonating Britannia); quiet (ukulele and accordion), "Songs of the South", Jno. Allen and Lawrence Savage; tableaux, "Married and Single", followed by a gramophone selection, "The Gay Caballero"; recitation, "The First Christmas", Mary Moore; Christmas tableaux, (1) "O Little Town of Bethlehem", (2) "Holy Night", (3) "The Watching Shepherds", (4) "The Wise Men", (5) "Shepherds and Rollers Surrounding Babe", Mary, Joseph and the Wise Men" (choruses rendered during the tableaux were "O Little Town of Bethlehem", "Silent Night", "I Came Upon a Midnight Clear", "We, Hise Kings of the Orient", and "Joy to the World", picture of Bethlehem at back of stage was the work of John Moore; many thanks are due Mrs. Lyndall for gramophone selections. The program was closed with the patriotic number, "O Canada", followed by "Santa's Bells", whereupon Santa Claus dropped in on his way south from the North Pole and distributed gifts and candies, with which the Xmas tree was laden. When all was enjoying the Xmas treat, J. Pockens proposed a vote of thanks to the teacher, Mrs. Moore, for her work, asking the audience to respond by

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Kimmundy Knowings

School opens at Flaxland on Monday, January 6.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown entertained a few neighbors to dinner on Xmas.

L. Younggren and men are very hard at work in his shop making cultivator attachments for seed drills.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Younggren and family were visitors at the G. Lergers home on Friday last. Cards were played.

The snow has nearly all gone south of Kimmundy post office and some cars have been out to see how the roads are.

Bobby Younggren, when taking Miss Laidlaw and his sister, Mrs. McAndrew, to Chinook in his coverage rig, upset the outfit and the girls fell on him. They laughed so much he could not get up for some time. All finally got out through the front window with no one injured.

The program rendered at the Flaxland school on Thursday evening, December 19, was a joyful success. Miss G. Laidlaw, teacher, is to be congratulated. She had only a short time to prepare it, as owing to bad weather the children were unable to attend as some have as far as nine miles to go. Everything went off like clock work, but it took considerable time to dispose of the 41 numbers.

The children took their parts well, many facing an audience for the first time. On the program were songs, plays, recitations, clean drills and tableaux, and all without an error. All went back part, the youngest being four years old. Santa Claus then distributed the presents, after which an appetizing supper was served, and the evening was finished off with a dance. And believe, everybody who finds this, those attending went home with something to talk about for a considerable time.

clapping, which request was heartily accorded. Lunch was then served, and, after a social half hour had passed, the floor was cleared, and under the able management of Messrs. Nicholson, Hagey and Jacobson, young and old merrily danced the hours away till 3.45 a.m., when, by common consent, it was decided to set out for "Home, Sweet Home".

The annual meeting of the Collholme U.F.A. was held in Peyton school on Saturday, December 28, when the following officers were elected for 1930: President, N. D. Morrison (re-elected); secretary,

W. W. Isbister (re-elected); treasurer, E. B. Allen (re-elected); directors, F. Hobson, G. Thompson, B. Robinson, J. Haggerty and G. C. Clegg. Mr. Warren was appointed delegate to attend the convention, to be held in Calgary on January 21-24. The next meeting of this local will be held in Collholme school on Saturday, February 1, when the delegate will give a report of the convention. Lunch will be served at this meeting.

Miss Muriel M. McIntosh returned home on Friday, December 20, to spend the Christmas holidays. She was accompanied by her aunt, Miss A. M. Short (registered nurse), of Calgary.

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